

# THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 14

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, December 19, 1929

No. 35

To Our Chinook and District  
Customers

WE WISH YOU

A Merry Christmas

AND

A Happy New Year

May our friendly business relations  
continue throughout the  
coming year

Acadia Produce Company

## Christmas Greetings

With best wishes for your happiness  
during the Christmas season and  
throughout the New Year

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The Chinook Advance

## Alberta and Manitoba Gets Natural Resources

Word comes from Ottawa that an agreement has been reached between the Dominion government and the governments of Alberta and Manitoba for the return of the natural resources to these two provinces. The documents were signed on Saturday afternoon with Prime Minister Mackenzie King and Hon. Chas. Stewart signing for Canada. Premier John Bracken and Hon. D. G. McKenzie signed for Manitoba and Premier J. E. Brownlee and Hon. George Hoadley signed the Alberta agreement.

The two agreements will now go before the Dominion parliament and the respective provincial legislatures for final ratification.

Hon. Chas. Stewart, minister of the interior, and the premiers of both the provinces have expressed satisfaction, and believe that the long drawn out controversy will soon be settled for good.

## Christofferson-Dumanowski

A quiet wedding of much interest to the people of Chinook was solemnized in the United Church parsonage, Olds, Saturday, November 30, when Caroline Rose Dumanowski, of Chinook, became the bride of George Karl Gage Christofferson, of Olds. Rev. T. E. Armstrong officiated.

The bride is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dumanowski, of Chinook, and has a wide circle of friends in the community. The groom is also well known here, having been on the Acadia hotel staff the past summer.

The newlyweds will make their home at Olds.

Mr. and Mrs. Christofferson well wishers of this district extend congratulations.

## Older Boys' Parliament Opens on December 27

George Connell, who has been elected a member of the Older Boys' Parliament, leaves Thursday morning for Edmonton, where the tenth session will be held from December 27 to 31. There are 64 members from various parts of the province. George won with 23 votes, while Walter Coad, Youngstown, received 18, and Edward Bredin, Cereal, 8.

## More About Joe Kelly

According to information received by the Alberta Provincial Police, which was attached to his photograph, Kelly, in addition to other terms, served time in a South Dakota penitentiary for burglary, being sentenced to one year's imprisonment. He entered that institution on July 3, 1928, and was released on May 3, 1929, and was being returned to the State of Washington to answer charges. While en route he got away from the police, making his escape at Butte, Mont.

## Congratulations, Mr. King

Premier Mackenzie King celebrated his 55th birthday on Tuesday by attending his usual state duties. In the evening he entertained a few intimate friends at dinner in Laurier House.

Mr. King was born at Berlin, Ont., now Kitchener, on December 17, 1874, the son of John King, R.C., and his wife, Isabel Grace Mackenzie, daughter of William Lyon Mackenzie.

Miss Gladys Wright, who has been ill for the past three weeks, being unable to attend school, returned on Monday and is feeling quite herself again. Unfortunately she missed writing on her examinations.

## To The People of Chinook District

We are taking this opportunity of thanking you for the splendid support you have been giving us during the past year, and we wish you all

A Merry Christmas

AND

A Happy New Year

**HURLEY'S**

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

**XMAS XMAS XMAS**  
**BFFORE**  
**BUYING ELSEWHERE**

We ask you to come in and look over our Xmas display. We feel very proud of our stock this year, ranging from 15c up. We have a complete line in

China Toilet Sets Novelties  
Box Chocolates Kodaks Toys

You will like our assortment of Necklets and Chokers, all individually boxed, from 25c to \$2.50.

Come in and look around---we want you to see what we have

**E. E. JACQUES** Druggist

"Meet Me at the Drug Store"

## Attractive Radio Prices

We are getting ready for stock-taking and find we have too many Radios. We have some very attractive prices on these sets to clear

Also a fresh stock of  
**A and B Batteries**

**Banner Hardware**

Chinook, Alta.

To all my customers of the  
past year

A Grateful Thank You

To everyone the  
time-honored wish

A Merry Christmas

H. W. BUTTS - Chinook, Alta.

## To

all our friends and customers, let us grasp you firmly by the hand, look you straight in the eye and wish you and yours the Merriest and Happiest kind of a good old-fashioned Christmas.

\*\*\*\*

Imperial Building Supplies Ltd.

Chinook, Alta.

## Xmas Greetings

and wishing all a Happy  
and Prosperous New Year

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ROBINSON BROS. - Chinook

A joyful Christmas Greeting  
and best wishes for a Happy  
New Year.

\*\*\*\*

W. W. ISBISTER - Chinook

WISHING you all a Merry  
Christmas and a New  
Year full of all the good  
things you wish for.

A. V. BRODINE

Merry Xmas is my wish  
to all my friends  
and customers  
Merry Xmas

Phone 14 **S. H. SMITH** Chinook

## Peace On Earth, Goodwill Toward Men

"Interdependence," a monthly review published by the League of Nations Society, in Canada, has rendered a real service to Canada, and incidentally to the cause of world peace, by printing its current issue the complete text of the magnificently inspiring speech delivered by the Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, at the state dinner tendered him by the Government of Canada, in the House of Commons at Ottawa. Mr. MacDonald's fine message to the Canadian people was a sincere and impassioned plea for international understanding and a will to peace, was listened to over the radio by hundreds of thousands of people in this country and the United States. That national service is now strengthened by the reprint of the full text of Mr. MacDonald's speech, thus enabling people to read this message again and ponder over it at their leisure.

This same issue of "Interdependence," which, by the way, is distributed to members of the League of Nations Society throughout Canada, or can be had for the trifling subscription price of one dollar a year, also contains the text of the address given by Roch Pinard, the 18-year-old Quebec boy, who won the International Oratorical Contest, held at Washington, D.C., before President Hoover, in October last. The subject of Roch Pinard's address was "Canada Among the Nations," and, like Premier MacDonald's speech, is one well worthy of the consideration of the people of this country. It will intensify a Canadian's pride in, and love for his native land, and, equally important, and essential to that love, it will further impress upon all readers the absolute necessity for the cultivation of understanding and goodwill among all classes of the Canadian population, based on knowledge, which alone can render ineffective those periodical appeals to passion and prejudice through which designing persons seek to sway the emotions of our people. Mutual understanding, mutual goodwill, mutual appreciation of each other's good qualities, must exist as the basis of peace and cordiality of relations among the various races which make up Canada's cosmopolitan population.

Domestic peace in Canada, it is hardly necessary to say, is the first requirement if this Dominion is to successfully play the role of peace protagonist among all the nations, and an effective member of the League of Nations. From the inception of the League of Nations, Canada has been one of its most influential members. The influence of this Dominion in the councils of the nations is far greater than its population and wealth and world power would accord to it. That this is due to the success of the already achieved by Canada in solving for itself some of the most vexatious problems now troubling other countries. That influence can be retained and further extended to the extent only that Canadians themselves put into every day practice those rules of conduct which the maintenance of peace among all nations demands shall be observed.

Canada stands for world peace. This fact is recognized by all nations. It is also recognized that as a people we have no ulterior motives in our membership in the League of Nations, that our presence there is solely from a desire to serve others and further the cause of international goodwill and world peace. As a people we unhesitatingly and uncompromisingly bore our burden when an unwelcome war was forced upon mankind. We gave in unstinted measure, and we are paying our own bills without asking help from anybody. This is recognized and appreciated by other nations, and our influence is correspondingly great. So, too, is our responsibility. We must, therefore, first of all be true to ourselves and to those ideals we advocate for adoption by all other peoples and nations.

Finally, "Interdependence" notes with satisfaction the offer of Premier Mackenzie King to provide suitable copies of the Briand-Kellogg pact outlawing war to Provincial Departments of Education which will undertake to distribute them to the schools, and to churches which will give it a place in their libraries. Unquestionably the future peace of the world depends on the determination in the minds of the people of the world that peace and churches can be the next generation be best reached. The pact, to which Canada's signature is attached, outlawing war as an instrument of national policy, should have a place on the walls of every church and school throughout this broad Dominion. It is a message of "Peace on earth, goodwill toward men."

### Congratulates Wither

Herman Trelle Is Pleased That Red Spring Reward Wheat Takes Highest Honors

"Nobody is more pleased than I am over the fact that the Red Spring Reward wheat, which was sown at Wolf Creek, Alberta, has won the world's wheat championship at Chicago," declared Herman Trelle, of Vemby, Peace River, former holder of the Peace River "I" award. "I am particularly pleased that Red Spring Reward was the winning wheat."

It was recalled by Mr. Trelle that the district where the championship wheat was grown was not considered previously as a particularly good wheat country. The success attained by Mr. Smith, he added, showed that varieties of grain can be adapted for any conditions in Alberta and are bound to prove successful if the experiments are made by persons with the qualifications of the 1929 champion.

Head waiter—"The table in that corner is reserved for ladies."

Guest—"But there is no table in that corner."

Head waiter—"Well, no ladies ever come here."

The Egyptians of the pyramid-building age established a scale of proportion for human and animal sculptures.

## Smothering Spells Couldn't Walk Far Gaspred For Breath

Mrs. T. W. Roth, Kelowna, B.C., writes—"For over a year I was troubled with smothering spells, and it was impossible for me to walk, even a short distance, on account of having to gasp for air to try."



which I did, and in a short time I felt much better. "I can now recommend them to everyone." Price, 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. U. 1816

### Clothing and Safety

Industrial Institutions Enforcing Rules Against Ragged Work Suits

Workmen on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway will henceforth wear form-fitting clothing. There will be no more ragged sleeves, dangling tatters on shirts, or flapping shoe soles. The matter of neatness enters into the decision to enforce these regulations, but the greater factor is that of safety.

It is only within the last few years that those in charge of industry have come to a full realization of the danger that lies in loose and ragged clothing. Men working about moving machinery are in constant peril, if anything is dangling from their clothing which is likely to become caught in a belt or flywheel. The constantly increasing number of accidents from this cause finally taught its lesson, and more and more factories and other industrial institutions are enforcing rules of safe dressing.

As a matter of fact, a large part of safety in industry has to do with clothing.

### Largest Free Tree Distribution

8,673,650 Trees Sent Out To Prairie Farmers In Spring Of 1929

The number of trees distributed in the spring of 1929 from the forest nurseries maintained by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, at Indian Head and Sutherland, Saskatchewan, was the largest ever sent out in any one year. The total number of trees sent to farmers in the Prairie Provinces was 8,673,650—4,380,174 from the Indian Head nursery, and 4,313,476 from the Sutherland nursery. The total number of applicants who received trees was 7,452.

Constructing Central Heating Plant

The Northern Engineering and Development Company, Winnipeg, has taken out a permit for \$60,000 for the construction of the first unit of the central steam heating plant, and work will be begun at once.

Twenty-six days were required for the trip of the first steamer to cross the Atlantic.

Douglas fir trees produce almost a quarter of the lumber output of this country.

Waters of the deep sea cover 115,000,000 square miles with an average depth of two miles.

## Making Survey For Gibraltar Tunnel

Work Likely To Involve Large Political As Well As Engineering Features

The work of examining the rock strata of the Straits of Gibraltar for a tunnel between Europe and Africa is under way, but while the attention of the world is focused on its structural problems, the tunnel also has involved political and engineering features.

During the World War the captain general at Cadiz, who now is Premier Primo de Rivera, made a speech suggesting that Spain join the war on the side of the allies and that in return for this England should give Gibraltar back to Spain. The captain general lost his position for making this speech as an official. This was Primo de Rivera's first political speech.

When Primo de Rivera became dictator in 1923, no one remembered the action of the former captain general at Cadiz. Spain always has had a secret desire to get Gibraltar back and it is expected the tunnel project will be an excuse to reopen the subject. It is obvious that if the premier made an arrangement to get Gibraltar back it would be an achievement that Spain never would forget.

A retrenchment program has been announced for Spain, and it is expected that it would spend money on the tunnel for years. It is not expected that England would part with Gibraltar, but if the tunnel leads to the reopening of negotiations by which Spain would regain possession on the basis of a lease for 100 or 500 years, possibly with a renewal option, there would be great rejoicing at Madrid.

### Pirates Plans Frustrated

Chinese Pirates Are Captured By Aid Of Wireless

The alertness of a wireless operator prevented the escape of Chinese pirates who killed the crew of the steamer, "Hanching," attempted to loot the vessel and finally set fire to it.

Two British warships, the "Serapis" and "Sterling," arrived in answer to the "Hanching's" S.O.S., extinguished the fire and captured the pirates before they could get away. The two war craft towed the "Hanching" to Hong Kong, with all the pirates prisoners aboard.

The bandits laid their plans according to the regular system. They boarded the "Hanching" as regular passengers when the 2,080-ton vessel belonging to the Douglas Steamship Company, left Swatow for Hong Kong.

Early this morning they swarmed out and attacked the bridge. Members of the crew returned the fire and repulsed them. Third Officer K. A. Woodward died as the result of wounds and First Officer R. Perry also was wounded. Several of the pirates were killed.

Frustrated in their first attempt, the pirates set fire to the ship. They apparently still hoped to gain control after which they would plunder the "Hanching" and escape in boats to the nearby shore. But they reckoned without the wireless operator and the warships.

### Interesting Wild Life

Many interesting wild animals known to most people only in a zoo can be seen and studied in their natural environment in Waterton Lakes National Park, in the southwest corner of the province of Alberta. In this reserve there are big-horn, or Rocky Mountain sheep, mountain goat, black bear, moose, elk, beaver, and many kinds of small fur-bearers.

Miller's Worm powders will clear the stomach and bowels of worms, so that the child will no more be troubled by their ravages. The powders are sweet to the taste and no child will object to taking them. They are non-injurious in their composition and while in some cases they may cause vomiting, that must not be taken as a sign that they are nauseating, but as an indication of their effective work.

"Has my boy," wrote the proud parent to the school-master, "a natural bent in any direction?" "He has," replied the master. "He gives every indication of being an industrial migrant some day. He gets all the other boys to do all his work for him."

### That Irritating Cough

will stop a cough, and prevent taken internally with molasses. A half teaspoon of Minard's



## The New World Bank

Will Do For International Finances What League Does For International Politics

To the second Hague conference now or soon to be in operative session, will be presented the completed report of the committee of experts appointed to frame the statutes and charter of the proposed Bank of International Settlement. Agreement followed long and protracted discussions, and as the headquarters of the bank have now been finally located at Zurich, Switzerland, early materialization of the project may be expected after the conference has adopted the report and otherwise ended the lengthy negotiations required to arrange the details of the new institution, as an integral factor in the German reparations settlement.

The bank, according to the present agreement, will have as broad powers as have sometimes been suggested. It will simply take the place of the agent-general for reparations payments in handling the transfer of all sums between Germany and the Allies and will be empowered to supervise and assist in the commercialization of certain parts of the German annuities. It will have the power to perform various ordinary banking operations to facilitate its work, but it will always be constrained to act in strict conformity with the terms of the original bank agreement. The dissent of any one of them would be sufficient to prevent its taking any proposed action.

If the political problems still remaining in connection with certain phases of the bank's trust agreement are satisfactorily worked out at this second conference, the World Bank will thus be definitely incorporated in the Young Plan as it will be submitted to the nations concerned for the ratification of their respective Parliaments. A start will have been made to do for international finances what the League does for international law. If the bank's beginnings are somewhat humble, there is no telling the place it may some day come to hold in maintaining the peaceful balance of all international relations.

### Advertising Canadian Apples

British Papers Urgo People To Buy More Of Them

British doctors must be good fellows. They have uttered no word of protest against the tremendous influx of Canadian apples, although every season Canada is sending Great Britain about 150,000,000 pounds of apples from the time when the sturdy Scottish settler at Inverness, John McIntosh, in 1796, produced the first famous McIntosh Red. The pamphlet includes a number of recipes for serving Canadian apples in puddings, pies, tarts and other dishes.

### Outvoted Police

Students of Ogdensburg, Hungary, who were resolved to conclude their demonstration of protest against the reparations payments, kept police at bay by singing the national anthem during their speeches. The police were forced, in accordance with army orders, to stand inactive at attention, while the singing continued.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

### Synthetic Gold

G. P. Aston and H. W. Attack, two chemical research workers, of New Zealand, have made the statement that through an electric magnetic process they have been able to change certain elements into gold. During their research Aston claims he discovered a new force, "chromadynia," which is said to be ten times more powerful than electricity.

### Manitoba Telephones

The Manitoba Telephone System reports a noteworthy increase in net earnings for the ten months ended September 30th—being \$845,887 as compared with \$187,977 for the same period of last year.

## General Conditions Fundamentally Sound

Sir Charles Gordon, President, at Annual Meeting of Bank of Montreal, Draws Attention to Great Strides Made by Canada During Recent Years.

Sir Charles Gordon's presidential address at the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal while Sir Charles Gordon's address was a far-reaching influence upon economic conditions in Canada.

Referring to the business situation in Canada, Sir Charles referred to the unbroken expansion of the first ten months of the year and extending back over a five-year period, the most marked advance being in the field of mining, and he said that Canadian activity was such that the Canadian banks took no special advantage of the high rates offered in New York; their money was fully employed in the Dominion "and every legitimate need of this country was taken care of at much lower rates than prevailed in the United States."

There is good ground for general business confidence in Sir Charles Gordon's statement that no inflation is apparent in any of the basic commodities of Canadian commerce. He spoke frankly of such unfavorable influences as the reduction in the crop and its slow movement, and the collapse of stock market prices. On the other hand, mining and industrial development in the West, and branch-line railways, are beneficial influences; building has been at its peak; markets are being found for new developments of hydro-electric power, and while immigration shows a decline there is also a reduction in the loss through emigration. Coming to the trade situation in Canada, Sir Charles said in part: "Fundamental conditions are sound, and there is no reason for apprehension as to the ultimate future of Canada."

### General Manager's Address

Mr. H. B. Mackenzie, the general manager, surveyed the bank's operations of the past year and made a categorical diagnosis of actual economic conditions.

Mr. Mackenzie's analysis of the salient features of the balance sheet is not only convincing of a healthy growth in the volume of the bank's business and of its strong liquid position, but it is testimony also of a determination to continue the sane, sound and energetic management that is traditional of the institution. "Our customers in all lines of production and commerce," he said, "have, as always, been our chief care, and their needs have been fully supplied; but we have recently been declining numerous applications, large and small, for loans against 'good collateral but to be used for other than business purposes, generally the purchase of securities. These applications had become so numerous that they threatened to approach upon the money needed to finance the country's business."

There is in the proceedings at the Bank of Montreal meeting abundant proof that credit is sound. "Business," Mr. Mackenzie said, "will be some 'what quieter while we are getting back to realities, but the realities in both countries—Canada and the United States—afford firm basis for a healthy optimism."

Young Lady Operator-Printer at Liberty. Feeds presses, set jobs. Good speed and clean profits on machine. Reason for change, editor's son home from college.

Minard's Liniment for Chapped hands.

"Poet: 'My work will be read a hundred years from now.' Friend: 'Why, the editors won't keep it in their desks as long as that, will they?'"

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### Commander Byrd Defended

British Explorers Cannot Understand Reported Charges Of Norwegian Airman

British explorers came to the defence of Commander Richard E. Byrd, against the reported charges of Major Trygve Gran, Norwegian airman and explorer who was a member of the Scott Antarctic expedition.

Major Gran was quoted in a Copenhagen despatch to the Daily Mail, as saying that the terrible mountain which Commander Byrd described was a fantasy.

Captain R. G. England, who commanded the "Nimrod" of Shackleton's first expedition in 1907, said he could not understand Major Gran's reported statement.

"It is all the more extraordinary because Gran was one of Scott's men," said Capt. England. "It would be nothing short of a miracle if Scott's men did not see mountains near the South Pole. On the east there is the Queen Alexandra range, 15,000 feet in height, and on the west the Queen Maud range which is about the same height. These mountains have been actually surveyed and measured."

Captain William Olbeck, who was a member of the Southern Cross Expedition of 1898-99 said: "It is well known there are mountains near the South Pole. Commander Byrd would probably see them from 100 miles away because of his height in his aeroplane. His was a magnificent flight."

Persian Balm is magical in creating alluring complexion. A little gentle rubbing and your skin is invigorated and touched with the true beauty of youth. Charming fragrance. Delightful to use. Cools and caresses the skin. Relieves all roughness and chafing caused by weather conditions. Tones and stimulates. Enhances and protects the loveliest complexion. Unrivalled as a perfect aid to beauty and charm.

Mrs.—"When you proposed to me you said that you were not worthy of me."

Mr. (sarcastically)—"Well, what of it?"

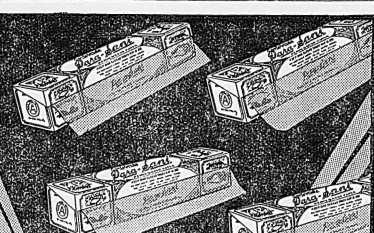
Mrs. (even more so)—"Nothing: only I will say this much, that whatever else you were weren't a liar."

Minard's Liniment for Coughs.

The Coast line of Great Britain measures 2,755 miles; Italy's exceeds this by about 300 miles.

The two most widely spoken languages in Europe are German and Russian.

The oldest known musical instrument is the bell.



## Don't Let Foods Stale

Foods that ordinarily stale quickly will stay fresh and tempting a surprisingly long time if you cover them with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper.

Your grocer, druggist or stationer has Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For those who prefer a lighter paper put up in sheet form ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives: HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.



## Grows Championship Wheat In a District Supposed To Be Unsuitable For Farming

To win the world's championship for hard spring wheat is no small achievement in these days of world champion growers, but to grow wheat in a district that was supposed to be unsuitable for wheat growing, a district that people years ago left as impossible is a feat that has not been duplicated since world championships for wheat were first established. Yet such is the experience of J. H. B. Smith, a farmer living at Wolf Creek, east of Edmonton, on the main line of the Canadian National Railway.

The experience of Mr. Smith is in many respects similar to that of other men who have brought this coveted honor to western Canada. Coming from Leicester, England, in 1907, he engaged in several pursuits before he took up a homestead in the Wolf Creek district, in 1913, when the country was just opening up. While farming was not his profession, he soon began to show signs of a successful exhibitor. The following year he took three first prizes at the Edmonton Agricultural fair for wheat, oats and potatoes. In 1915 he sent his first exhibit to Edmonton and won second place for oats, but it was not until 1920, that he began to tackle the world show at Chicago, when with his first attempt he took 15th place for oats. In 1924, he took 17th place with Marquis wheat and he has shown every year since 1920, with the exception of one year when his crop was killed out.

Besides the exhibits he has been sending to Chicago he has been found among the list of successful exhibitors at Canadian fairs for years, and has been gradually climbing up to one of the most consistent growers in the province. Some years ago Mr. Smith began to lose faith in Marquis wheat, and in spite of opposition he pinned his faith to the new Redward wheat, which he claimed, would eventually bring the championship to him. He has stuck fast to this faith, tended his plots with painstaking care, and this year his labors were rewarded with such a fine sample that for the first time he felt satisfied to send it to Chicago, declaring as he did so, that the wheat that would beat it had not been grown.

### Floor Of Atlantic Shifts

Earthquake Along Eastern Coast On November 18 Causes Submarine Uplift

That the bed of the North Atlantic was shifted as a result of the earthquake of November 18, was indicated at Halifax in reports from cable ships assigned to the task of repairing the submerged breaks. Soundings showed that the floor of the ocean had been moved and that fishing banks had shifted as a result of the disturbance. Breaks in the cables connecting the old world with the new have been plotted over an area 400 miles southeast and 300 miles northeast of Halifax. In some cases several breaks occurred in the same cable over a distance of 100 miles.

### World's Smallest Engine

Among the exhibits at the recent Model Engineers' Exhibition in London, England, was a horizontal engine so small that it is almost impossible to see the working parts in motion without a magnifying glass. It is only a quarter of an inch long and is worked by compressed air. A hair from the head of the wife of the model-maker forms the driving-belt.

### Trees In Waterton Lakes Park

The alpine larch, one of the most beautiful of mountain trees, gives a special grace to many a high pass in Waterton Lakes National Park, Alberta. This tree grows in the last belt approaching timber line. The other principal trees in this Dominion playground are poplar, lodgepole pine, white-barked pine, Douglas fir, alpine fir, and Engelmann spruce.



"What is this overtime you are claiming?"

"The even'ing you invited me to dine with you."—Wahne Jakob, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1816

## SWINE CLUB CHAMPIONS OF CANADA



Two brothers, Lindsey and Gordon Weir, of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, who won the Dominion Championship, in swine club work at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, recently. The two boys are shown with W. D. Robb, Vice-President of the Canadian National Railways, who donated for annual competition the Robb Trophy, which carries with it the Dominion Championship. For the second year this trophy goes to Prince Albert; last year two girls from this district received the honor.

### Alberta-Saskatchewan Boundary

Follows Straight Line For Nearly 700 Miles and Is Longest Surveyed Straight Line

The boundary between Alberta and Saskatchewan is the Fourth Meridian of the Dominion Lands survey system, which coincides approximately with the 110th meridian of west longitude and under instructions from the Survey General, Department of the Interior, has been surveyed from the International Boundary northward to Lake Athabasca, a distance in a straight line of nearly seven hundred miles, constituting one of the longest surveyed straight lines in the world.

### Amenities In Politics

Kind Words Of Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin To Premier MacDonald

In the British parliament on Wednesday, the Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Conservative leader, congratulated Premier MacDonald on his visit to the United States and said that he himself had desired to visit the republic as prime minister.

"But there is no feeling of regret or envy in my heart," added Mr. Baldwin. "I rejoice it has been done. I am happy it has fallen to the right honorable gentleman to do it. I hope it will not be the last time."—Toronto Star.

## FASHION



No. 753—Particularly Pleasing. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 35, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 yards of 36-inch material with 1/4 yard of 36-inch contrast.

No. 156—Typically Parisian. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 35, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 40-inch material with 1/4 yard of 40-inch material for separate vestee.

No. 980—Good Taste. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 35, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 40-inch material with 2 1/2 yards of 2-inch lace.

No. 405—It's Comfy and Smart. This style is designed in sizes 1, 2 and 4 years. Size 4 requires 1 yard of 32-inch material for trousers, collar and cuffs and 1/4 yard of 32-inch material for waist.

No. 801—Couples Adult Mode. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 2 1/2 yards of 40-inch material.

Emb. No. 11093—Flower Basket and Pattern Spray. Pattern contains two rights and two lefts, 7 inches high by 9 inches wide, two rights and two lefts 1 1/2 inches long, ten rights and ten lefts 1 1/2 inches long (blue).

All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

### How To Order Patterns

Address—Winipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winipeg

Pattern No. \_\_\_\_\_ Size \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Town \_\_\_\_\_

## Canadian Emigration To U. S. Is Slowing Down and Tide Appears To Have Turned

### Sunflower Silage Good

#### For Young Sheep

Proves Better Food Than Mixture Of Oats, Peas and Vetches

Silage from sunflowers proved a better succulent food than silage made from a mixture of oats, peas and vetches, for the wintering of young sheep at the Northern Ontario Experimental Station. For six years feeding tests were carried on during the winter months with lambs born the previous spring. The ration of other foods was exactly the same for thirty-day periods each year. During the first five years of the test the ration given to each lamb consisted of silage, one pound, clover, hay, two pounds, and grain one-half pound per day. In 1928, however, the amount of silage fed, was determined by the percentage of dry matter which contained. The oats, peas and vetches silage, having been found to contain less moisture, was afterwards fed at the rate of a pound per day, while the sunflower silage was fed at the rate of one and one-half pounds per day for each lamb. The grain mixture used was composed of whole oats three parts, bran one part by weight, plus five per cent. of oil cake. The average daily gain made over the thirty-day period amounted to .23 of a pound by those fed on sunflower silage, and .18 of a pound made by those receiving the oats, peas and vetches silage. The cost to produce one hundred pounds of gain also showed the sunflower silage to be the better feed, as the cost per one hundred pounds of gain was \$11.44 for the sunflower feed, and \$15.08 for the others. The experiment is described and the results given in the report of the superintendent of the experimental station at Kapuskasing, Ontario, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa.

Wholesale movement of the cleverest and most enterprising of Canada's sons to the United States, attracted by the glimmer of riches in the larger American cities has dropped considerably.

Correspondingly the influx of Americans into Canada has increased, and leaders of both countries are considering the significance of the change.

Wesley Frost, United States consul-general, at Montreal, states in commenting on the change:

"Canadian emigration has slowed down of its own accord, and the tide appears definitely to have turned. Our consular records confirm this since a large share of Europeans in Canada on our visa waiting lists, are now declining the opportunity to cross the American border, when their turns are reached.

"Canada's development will certainly now for a time be more rapid than that of the United States and the balance of migration will in all probability swing strongly into Canada, favor and remain so, for at least two or three decades. We cannot honorably lament this change, for we owe Canada more than we can ever pay in the way of high grade man power.

"Moreover, those of our countrymen, who migrate to the United States, as many of them do, will enhance mutual comprehension between the two people."

### New Human Disease

#### Caught From Rabbit

Wear Rubber Gloves When Dressing Wild Rabbit, Doctors Say

Never eat a rabbit that you can kill with a club, for it's probably sick, advises Dr. C. C. Ridd, Commissioner of Health, in a statement issued at Syracuse, N.Y., recently. And Tularemia, the disease that slows down the rabbit, can kill the hunter, for according to American statistics, out of 420 cases, 17 have ended fatally. Thus the mortality is about 4 per cent.

Generally the germ comes from dressing the animal, the germ entering the human hand through an abrasion, at the point of which an ulcer is raised. The onset of the disease is sudden, often occurring while the patient is at work, and is characterized by headache, nausea, chills, excessive perspiration, body pains, irritation and fever. The latter symptom is always present and continues for two or three weeks.

Tularemia, so named because it was discovered in a ground squirrel in Tulare County, California, is caused by a germ, Bacillus Tularensis. Cases of the disease among humans have been found in all parts of the States, excepting New England. Rabbit meat thoroughly cooked, however, is harmless since a temperature of 133 degrees Fahrenheit kills the Tularemia germs.

### Crossing Fence Posts

Fence Posts Of Poplar Properly Treated, Last For Years

At the Dominion forest nursery, maintained by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, fence-posts of poplar, crossbred, have lasted from 1917 to the present and are still sound. Untreated posts, on the other hand, have rotted out in two or three years. Efforts are now being made to devise an apparatus for treating posts which will enable any farmer to set up a simple home treating plant of small expense.

### Regina's Building Increases

Building permits issued in Regina from January 1st to October 31st amount to \$9,445,729, as compared with \$8,146,010 for the corresponding period of last year.

Canadians own about 60 per cent. of the securities of all the enterprises on Canadian soil.



"These asbestos socks are good for cold feet. They are the worst conductors of heat I have."—Traffic Jam Newrich: "Nonsense! Give me the best."—Nagels Lustige Welt, Berlin.



## WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Canadian Privy Council will more than likely discuss British Columbia's freight rates appeal on January 25.

J. W. Collins, secretary of the Department of Industry and Commerce, has been appointed New Zealand trade commissioner in Canada.

The Canadian Government has under consideration the establishment of several additional steamship services for the promotion of Canadian trade abroad.

The Washington foreign service buildings commission has allotted \$1,000,000 for the purchase of land, and construction of a new legation and office buildings at Ottawa.

Oriental immigration into British Columbia in 1928 was 573, exactly the same number as in the previous year. The provincial immigration bureau announced the curious coincidence.

The British Government may extend the farm workers' plan, J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal in the MacDonald Government, said when announcing that Canada had agreed to take 3,000 men next year.

Dr. Augusta Stowe Gullen, Toronto, first woman physician to graduate from a Canadian university, was honored recently by the medical alumnae of the University of Toronto, who presented her portrait in oils to the Academy of Medicine.

Hugh Morrison, of Edmonton, 21-year-old son of the late Judge Morrison, of the Alberta district court, and Mrs. Morrison, has been selected as Alberta's Rhodes scholar for 1929. He was chosen from a list of four candidates.

### To Cut Air Mail Schedule

Feasibility Of Pick-Up Device Proved By Tests

An air mail pick-up device, capable of receiving and discharging mail sacks while an airplane is in full flight, may cut existing air mail schedules fifteen minutes to an hour, according to the American Air Transport Association, which says that tests of the device already made, promise its future adoption on many of the country's twenty-four air mail routes.

The tests being made at Youngstown, O., have proved the feasibility of catching a small bag of mail as it swings on the end of a 75 foot cable attached to a plane in full flight. The device consists of a V-shaped trap, built in the ground. As the mail bag from the plane is caught in the trap, the device automatically attaches an other bag, which is hauled up into the plane. Similar tests are being carried out in the receiving and discharging of mail at sea, on the S.S. Leviathan.

The theory which postal officials, air mail operators and the inventor are working on, is that an air mail plane can leave an airport, swoop down on the pick-up device, haul the mail to a similar device near the post office in the city at the other end of the line, and then go on to that city's airport.

### Canada's Forest Areas

The total forest area of Canada, including the 82,260 square miles of forest on agricultural land, is estimated to be 1,151,454 square miles, and of this about 1,100,000 square miles is essentially forest land which can be utilized to the best advantage under forest.

### Manitoba Tourist Industry

According to the latest figures Manitoba's tourist industry brought about \$5,667,000 into the province, or an increase of about \$1,000,000 over last year's figures. Convention visitors numbered 37,900, a gain of 8,500 over 1928.

While men have greater muscular strength than women, they have less vital stamina.



"When we were engaged you used to buy chocolates every time we went out."

"Yes, and I used to buy benzine every time to get the grass stains off my trousers."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.

W. N. U. 181R

### Telephones To Ship At Sea

Can Communicate By Phone With Liners a Thousand Miles From Shore

Communication by telephone from the mainland with ships at sea became a permanent, commercial project with the inauguration of service between New York and the liner Leviathan, 200 miles off shore, bound for Europe.

President Walter Gifford, of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, formally opened the service by "ringing up" Captain Cunningham of the Leviathan.

The first actual commercial message to be delivered to the Leviathan by telephone came from Atlantic City, where, in his hotel room, William H. Rankin, advertising man, chatted for five minutes with Sir Thomas Lipton, a passenger. Rankin is the first man to pay money for such a privilege.

The service was perfect, Rankin said. The noted yachtman informed the advertising man that he will return to America next June, hoping to win America's Cup with the Shamrock V.

Telephone Company officials said communication with ocean liners will remain good until the vessel is beyond 1,000 miles from shore. The flat rate for a three-minute conversation between New York and the Leviathan is \$21, with an additional \$7 for each additional minute.

### Pedestrians Wear Lights

Safety First Measure Is Adopted In the Streets Of London

Tram drivers of automobiles soon will be yelling "Lights!" at pedestrians, if a growing custom becomes universal. Traffic has become so congested in London, that way pedestrians are rigging themselves with lights to warn motorists of their presence in the streets. One type of rear lights consists of an electric light and reflector mounted on a luminous card worn on the back, and suspended from the shoulders by a cord.

### Canada's Highways Important

The highways in Canada are becoming increasingly important year by year in the economic structure of the country. Over them is carried a very heavy traffic, both passenger and freight, especially between the large cities and towns. At the end of 1928 the total mileage of surfaced roads in Canada was 64,121.

Four motorists came into collision at the same time at Birmingham. That's the worst of chasing the same pedestrian!

### X-Ray Can Be Measured

To Determine Combined Effect Of Quantity and Quality

"X-rays may be measured as accurately as the pharmacist measures drugs in the drug store," said Dr. A. Mutcheller, of New York, in a paper before the convention of the radiological society of North America, held recently in Toronto. "The modern medicine the greatest forward step was made when methods became known to weigh accurately a given drug and then also when its physiological strength could be determined. The importance of these two determinations arises out of the fact that of drugs not only the quantity must be known, but also their power of effectiveness. The same holds true with regard to X-rays, for the measure of their effect depends neither upon their quantity or quality alone but on the combined measure of both."

### Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

#### MINCEMEAT DELICIOUS

4 lemons.  
2 apples.  
1 pound currants.  
½ cup raisins.  
½ cup chopped nuts.  
½ cup melted butter.  
1 teaspoon sugar.  
1 teaspoon suit.  
1 teaspoon ground cinnamon.  
1 teaspoon ground nutmeg.  
1 teaspoon ground cloves.  
1 teaspoon ground ginger.  
1 teaspoon ground allspice.  
Squeeze juice from lemons and cook peel until soft. Put through meat-chopper and then rub through a sieve. Add chopped apples and remaining ingredients, mix well and store in jars. Use as a filling for turnovers and pies.

#### HOLIDAY LUNCHEON DISH

1 box sardines.  
1 lemon.  
1 bunch radishes.  
Parsley or watercress.  
Remove cover neatly and entirely from a box of sardines. Place on a platter, and surround with wreath of parsley or cress. Cut radishes in the shape of flowers, and arrange in the parsley. Cut lemons in halves, crosswise, and then cut in deep points. Arrange at ends and sides of platter. In the parsley. Serve very cold.

#### Fruit Men Study Conditions

Representative fruit men of British Columbia have gone to the Prairies to watch the handling of their crop and learn the attitude of the consumers and the retail trade.

## A Record for Safety

Big Eastern Concern Operates Plant For Two Consecutive Years Without Last-Time Accident

The great campaign for the prevention of accidents and the safeguarding of human life that is being carried on by energetic organizations and the press of the country has many tangible results that are decidedly encouraging to the sponsors of the safety movement.

Last week one of the large industrial concerns of Canada celebrated a full year of freedom from lost-time accidents, by giving a banquet to their more than 400 employees. This company, the Canadian National Carbon Company, Limited, whose head office and plant is located in Toronto, has devoted a great deal of time to educating their employees to the importance of working safely, and the Safety Committee is constantly devising guards for the machines, rearranging time-tables of working hours and directing the process of manufacture so that each employee can work to the limit of his or her ability with the knowledge that they are safe from accidents that might cause loss of time and injury and reduce their earning capacity.

To make safety more impressive, the Union Carbide & Carbon Corporation presents to each plant which operates for a full year without a lost-time accident a handsome bronze shield. For each succeeding year that the record is maintained a bronze bar is added to the shield. It was to celebrate the second year in which this Canadian plant operated without a lost-time accident and earned the bronze bar that the Company gave their employees the banquet in the handsome, completely equipped cafeteria which is a part of the plant.

Besides the hundreds of employees who attended the banquet, a number of distinguished guests were present and addressed the gathering. These included Mr. R. B. Morley, general manager, Ontario Industrial Accident Prevention Association; Mr. E. Moran, head of Industrial Service Department, National Carbon Company, Niagara Falls, N.Y.; Mr. James Moran, general manager, Dominion Oxygen Company, Limited, Toronto; Mr. W. H. Winaas, head of Industrial Relations Department, Union Carbide & Carbon Corporation, New York; Mr. H. E. Pollock, assistant general sales manager, Canadian National Carbon Company, Limited, Toronto; Mr. W. B. Fritz, assistant works manager, National Carbon Co., Limited, Cleveland, Ohio.

The gathering was entertained by the Eveready Dance Band, which is heard regularly through the Company's own broadcasting station, CKNC, Toronto.

The sound of a bell which can be heard 45,000 feet through the water can be heard through the air only 456 feet.

Among some Indian tribes it is improper for a mother-in-law to speak to her daughter's husband.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 22

### THE CHILD IN A CHRISTIAN WORLD

Golden Text: "Suffer the little children to come unto Me; for to such belongeth the kingdom of heaven."—Matthew 19:14. Lesson: Matthew 18:1-6; Mark 9:36, 37; Luke 9:45; John 2:1-20. Devotional Reading: Isaiah 11:1-9.

#### Explanations and Comments

The Birth Of Jesus At Jerusalem, verses 1-7.—Mary and Joseph left their home in Nazareth and went to Bethlehem, which had been the home of their ancestor David, in order to be enrolled in "their own city," as Caesar Augustus had decreed. It is eighty miles from Nazareth, in Galilee, to Bethlehem, in Judaea, and the journey must have taken them several days. There in Bethlehem Jesus was born, and Mary laid him in a manger, because there was no room in the inn. The so-called Church of the Nativity, in Bethlehem, is built over the traditional site of the manger.

The Shepherds and the Angels, verses 8-14.—In this beautiful story the shepherds who were watching their flocks by night in the field, an angel suddenly stood before them, and the glory of the Lord shone round about them, and they were sore afraid. The angel bade them fear not, for he was bringing them good tidings of great joy which shall be to all people. And this was the good tidings: "There is born to you this day in the city of David, a Saviour, who is Christ the Lord." "He does not simply say, 'Christ is born, but to you He is born.' Further points out; 'neither does he say I bring glad tidings but, 'To you I bring glad tidings of great joy. Furthermore, this joy was not to remain in them, but it was to be to all people.'"

"There is much we do not know about the angels. But two very wonderful things we do know. One is that they represented some of the glory of heaven made visible. The other thing is that they represented the message of heaven made articulate. The unseen found its way to the human eye, the unheard found its way to the human ear. And we know enough to be quite sure that in a very real sense heaven is all the while trying to be visible to mortal eyes and audible to human ears. We may think of the angels as representing the witness of heaven bending eagerly over an earth which is strangely and pathetically slow to understand."

Suddenly a multitude of the heavenly host appeared and praised God, saying "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace among men in whom He is well pleased." The Shepherds and the Babe, verses 15-20.—When the angels departed the amazed shepherds said to one another, "Let us go to Bethlehem and see what the Lord has made known to us." They were astonished at the message that had come to them, but they were not incredulous. They went in haste, and found the holy family. To Mary and Joseph they told what they had heard concerning the Babe. All marvelled, and Mary retained the words in her heart, pondering them over and over.

The shepherds returned to their humble task of keeping their flock, an outburst of praise upon their lips. "Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace among men in whom He is well pleased."

They laughed when he stepped to the piano. "A few months ago I couldn't play a note," he began.

"No," exclaimed his eager shipmates.

"None," replied the sailor, "and I can't now either."

## Contesting Canada's Claim

Must Occupy Arctic Before Ownership Is Proved, Says Norwegian Premier

Canada's position with regard to ownership to the Arctic archipelago is unshaken from the claim reiterated in June, 1922, by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of the Interior, it was made known in Government circles at Ottawa. News despatches from London had intimated that Premier Mowinckel of Norway, contested the right of this country to mark out sectors of the Arctic as possessions in which Canada's interests were paramount. The Norwegian premier asserted in a speech at Bergen that Norway adhered to the view that territory could be claimed only when it had actually been occupied, and that since Canada had not occupied all the Arctic, this country's interests in unoccupied territory could not be admitted.

That the opinions of Premier Mowinckel in this respect will not affect the right which Canada claims to the Arctic islands north of the Canadian mainland, between longitude 120 and longitude 141, was daily asserted by Government officials. Several attempts had been made in the past to disprove Canada's ownership of that archipelago, but recognition was now general, and Norway appeared to be the only nation that was still contesting it.

### Was Out Of Place

Use Of Old Formula Upset Decorum Of British House

The decorum of the British House of Commons was upset the other day by a members use of time-honored formula which provoked, in this instance, quite out of place under modern conditions. Miss Margaret Bondfield, Minister of Labor, gave an answer which did not satisfy Sir Frederick Hall, Conservative.

"May I press the Right Honorable member," began Sir Frederick, when he was interrupted by uproarious shouts of "No!" Sir Frederick apologized and reframed his query.

### Heavy Land Sales

C.P.R. Disposes Of 111,892 Acres In Saskatchewan In 11 Months

Sales by the land department of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the 11 months of 1929, in Saskatchewan, amounted to 111,892 acres, according to figures released by officials of the company at Saskatoon. The acreage was purchased by 627 settlers. The large majority of land purchases were made in the northern part of the province.

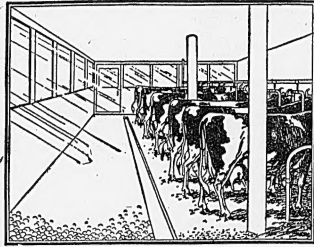
A further feature of the sales was in fact that practically all the farms purchased were acquired by new settlers.

Greenland is practically covered with a blanket of solid ice more than a thousand feet thick.

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## WALL STREET IS HARD HIT BY MARKET SLUMP

New York. — A sudden flood of selling, striking with terrific impact in the last hour of trading, carried scores of issues on the New York Stock Exchange down \$2 to \$22 a share.

It was the sharpest reaction since November 13, the low point reached in the October-November panic, when 420 issues crashed to new low levels for the year. Today's sales were only 4,504,860 shares; but nearly 2,000,000 of those changed hands in the final hour.

Wall Street attributed the selling to a combination of unfavorable developments. These included the publication of a statement by Roger Babson, well known economist, that the recent advance in prices which recovered 40 per cent. of the ground lost in the break, was only a rally in a "major bear market"; the resumption of heavy gold exports to Great Britain, and the announcement of a sharp increase in the stocks of refined copper.

Mr. Babson correctly predicted the October-November break a few weeks before it actually happened, so that his latest comment on the market naturally aroused widespread uneasiness among investors and speculators alike. His offerings of bearish prophecies, which are reported to have made known their intentions to attack the markets, also was regarded as an important factor.

## To Protect Level Crossings

Board of Railway Commissioners Reserves Judgment After Investigations

Ottawa.—The Board of Railway Commissioners reserved judgment at the conclusion of its investigation into safety devices for level crossings. Producers of certain types of signals and automatic gates urged the board to adopt their product, while the representatives for the railway companies urged that the wig-wag and bell was the best signal so far provided and should be left in use.

The very great importance which is placed on this hearing was indicated by the large number of representatives of various automobile associations, municipal bodies and provincial governments, as well as the many experts on behalf of the railways.

## Arranging Trip To Orient

Plan Being Worked Out For Canadian Business Men

Montreal, Que.—A provisional itinerary for a businessmen's trip to the Orient next year, under the auspices of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, has been issued by Dr. John W. Ross, chairman of the executive committee of the chamber. The party will leave Vancouver on October 16, 1930, and will return to Canada on December 13. Dr. Ross stated the chamber was collaborating with the Canadian legation in Tokyo, the Canadian Government trade commission in Shanghai, and the Japanese legation at Ottawa is working out the plans for the trip.

## No Agreement Reached

Return Of Natural Resources To Alberta Still Undecided

Ottawa.—No agreement was reached at the conference between Premier Mackenzie King and members of the Dominion cabinet with Premier J. E. Brownlee, premier of Alberta, on return of the natural resources to Alberta. At the conclusion of the conference which lasted for two hours, Premier Brownlee said that the representations of Alberta had been made but would be put in written form and sent to the Dominion Government.

## Another Grain Appeal Board

Brandon, Man.—Fort William will soon have a grain appeal board, such as are established at Calgary and Edmonton, states Dr. D. A. MacGibbon, member of the Board of Grain Commissioners. Such a board, to settle disputes over quality of grain, will shortly be established at the head of the lakes, he said.

## Orders For Douglas Fir

London, England.—Orders for 200,000 railway sleepers of Canadian Douglas fir have been placed by the Great Western Railway Company. They will be used mainly in connection with the extension work approved by the government under the Development Act of 1929, aiding the unemployment situation.

W. N. U. 1816

## Three Fighting For Earldom Of Egmont

Legal Battle To Prove Claim Opens In London

London, Eng.—A cowboy, a banker, and an optician opened their legal battle here to prove their conflicting claims to the Earldom of Egmont.

The cowboy is Frederick Joseph Trevelyan Percival, 56, for 28 years a rancher in Alberta, Canada.

The banker is James William Percival, 65, a resident of London, and the father of six children.

The optician is Robert Pownall, an old-age pensioner of Haydock, Lancashire.

Whoever wins the three-cornered fight will become Earl of Egmont, Baron Percival, Baron Arden and Baron Lovell and Holland. The value of the estates to which he will succeed is estimated at from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000.

The rival claimants to the Egmont title and fortune have searched the records back to 1733, when the title was granted. In their attempt to fill several blank spaces in the Percival genealogical table and thus substantiate their individual claims they have carried their investigations as far as Australia.

## Three Perish In Arctic

Word Was Brought Out By Major L. T. Burwash

Ottawa, Ont.—News of the death of three natives of Scotland occurring in the Canadian Arctic was brought out by Major L. T. Burwash of the Northwest Territories branch of the Department of the Interior, who arrived in Ottawa at the end of an 18-months trip, which took him along the northern coast of Canada from Akavik to Boothia Peninsula.

Harold Lucas, of the Hudson's Bay Company, was swallowed up by a raging blizzard seven miles out of Gjoa Haven. Ian McKay Christie, also of the Hudson's Bay Company, died at Bathurst Post under similar circumstances after Lewis T. ("Slim") Rader, engineer of the Ptarmigan Major Burwash's boat, and his carter and half dragged him across the frozen wastes for 30 hours. Another man, recruited by the Hudson's Bay Company, from Scotland, died on Coronation Gulf after he had broken through newly formed ice, over which he was walking. The freezing water gradually exhausted him.

## Says All Are Insane

Dividing Line Between Sanity and Insanity Difficult To Discern

Windsor, Ont.—Everybody has insane, according to Dr. G. R. Cruickshank, government inspector in insanity for the past 20 years, in a statement made here recently in an explanation of the remark he made in Supreme Court at Sandwich, before Mr. Justice J. M. McEvoy, that over 1,000 insane people walked the streets of Windsor. "There is no line of demarcation between sanity and insanity," said Dr. Cruickshank. "Some people are insane in the opinion of others, and yet might be regarded by the vast majority as being in full possession of their senses. It is often a matter to be decided by judges rather than doctors. There is no real distinction between sanity and insanity. Some of our most valuable citizens are 'cranks' and yet their work in life is very useful."

The doctor continued, however: "Some people, of course, had to have institutional care. We have to draw a line where we think that they will be benefited by such treatment."

## Fort Chipewyan Gets Mail

Edmonton.—December 11 was mail day at Fort Chipewyan far up in the northeast corner of Alberta. Two planes of Commercial Airways, Ltd., made the 160 mile jump from Fort McMurray to Chipewyan on Lake Athabasca. They carried the first consignment, half a ton of air mail, under the Dominion plan which will bear letters to within the Arctic circle.

## May Appoint Princess Mary

Victoria, B.C.—Intimation that Princess Mary is expected to be appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the 10th Canadian Scottish Regiment at an early date, was given by Col. Cyrus Peck, V.C., in an address here in which he reviewed the recent visit to London to attend the banquet tendered holders of the Victoria Cross.

## Was Well Known Merchant

Vancouver, B.C.—Charles Hamilton Carroll, aged 77, well known as a merchant in various parts of Saskatchewan, until his recent visit to London, is dead here. Funeral services were held Dec. 12, with interment in Ocean View Cemetery. Mr. Carroll was born in Warwick, Lambton County, Ont.

## Opposing U.S. Entry Into World Court

New Arrangement Does Not Satisfy Group In Senate

Washington, D.C.—Opposition to the new plan for United States entry into the World Court, as determined as that which met the original proposal for the adherence of the Washington Government, is developing in the senate.

The group of senators that three years ago voted against the United States becoming allied with the international tribunal, even under the reservation Edgar then attached, is apparently as much dissatisfied with the new arrangement as it was with the old.

How much of a factor in the senate's final vote this opposition will be, of course, remains to be determined, but notice has been given by the group, that the modification of the court's rules of procedure, affected in an effort to facilitate United States entry, is unacceptable.

## AUBURN PRISON RIOT QUELLED BY STATE TROOPS

Auburn, N.Y.—A beaten, aullen group of convicts saw the law wrench from its grasp control of Auburn prison, gained during the day at the cost of eight prisoner's lives and the death of the principal keeper.

The second attempt within five months of a chosen group of desperate men to gain their freedom in a prison break collapsed under the gunfire of three hundred besiegers. Holding absolute control of the prison at the outbreak of the trouble, with Warden Edgar S. Jennings and seven guards in their hands as hostages, the convicts watched their plans go awry until night fall found their ring-leaders dead and the survivors in their cells awaiting the search of state police.

The prison's principal keeper, George A. Durnford, died in an attempt to fight off the attackers at the inception of the riot.

The collapse of the convicts' plans began when State troopers whisked from their hands, under cover of a gas attack, the warden and guards and ended when a concerted drive of the besiegers hurled them from the main gate into a remote corner of the south cell block.

The first word of trouble reached Warden Jennings at 10 a.m. He left his office, went to the prison kitchen to check the report and was seized as he started back to the office.

Prodded along by a revolver in the hands of one of the three convicts, the warden approached three unsuspecting guards who were disarmed and forced to open the doors of the punishment cells. In a similar manner, other guards were captured.

Principal keeper Durnford appeared on the scene and the convicts attempted to capture him also. Falling in this, three of the mutineers shot him and left him lying outside the back hallway into which they shoved their prisoners. Durnford dragged himself out of reach and was helped by an unidentified convict. He reached the prison hospital but died a few minutes later.

## Royal York Buys Champs



In order to ensure a full larder for the coming festive season the Royal York Hotel entered the list of buyers at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, and secured the special carload lot of champion steers which created a great sensation among cattle experts throughout the fair. This champion herd of fifteen hand picked steers, bred and raised on the famed MacIntyre ranch in southern Alberta, weighed in at slightly under 1200 lbs. apiece, and was headed on all sides as the finest bunch of beef cattle ever to have been finished in Canada. It

## AMERICAN LEGATION SECRETARY



Ben Reath Biggs, who, it has been officially announced, is to be first secretary to the American Legation at Ottawa. When Ambassador Phillips leaves this month, Mr. Biggs will act as charge d'affaires until new ambassador arrives.

## Using Tractors On Desert

French and Chinese Scientists Conducting Expedition Without Camels

Peiping.—Gasoline driven tractors are to replace camels on a desert expedition being organized by French and Chinese scientists to cover unexplored parts of North China and Indo-China next year. The purpose of the trip is to carry on scientific research and is to be conducted jointly by the National Scientific Union of China and the Citroen Motor Car Company of France.

The Chinese expedition is to start from Peiping in February and plans to meet up with the French explorers, now in Persia, after the tractor brigade has crossed Russian Turkistan.

## Takes Name Of Benefactor

Russian Union, Flotism Of Late War, Becomes Canadian Citizen

Barrie, Ont.—An 11-year-old Polish lad, starved, clad in filthy rags and broken by overwork, found his way to an encampment of Canadian soldiers at Sorka, Siberia, at the time of the Russian revolution, 12 years ago. Grown to manhood, John Petroskey applied yesterday to Judge Wismer for naturalization papers and he adopted the name of George Harvey, the name of the Canadian soldier who had proved his principal friend in the old days and who had seen him established in Canada. George Harvey, the first, was in court to corroborate Petroskey's strange story.

## Goodwin Returns East

Last Member Of MacAlpine Party Leaves For Home In Hamilton

The Pas, Man.—Don Goodwin, the last member of the last and found MacAlpine party to remain in the north, has left for his home in Hamilton, Ont., accompanied by Dr. Donald Bruce, of The Pas, who has attended him ever since rescuers took charge of the party at Cambridge Bay.

Goodwin, suffering from frozen feet when he arrived here, had three toes amputated and has been resting since the operation.

## Are Close To Agreement

Alberta Hopes To Reach Settlement On Resources Question

Ottawa.—The Province of Alberta and the Dominion Government are close to an agreement as to the conditions for the return of the natural resources to the province, Premier J. E. Brownlee and colleagues put forward recently, and Premier Brownlee is remaining over, in Ottawa, to have further conference with Prime Minister Mackenzie King.

Some time ago the Dominion government announced that on the basis of the finding of the commission which investigated the return of the natural resources to Manitoba, it was prepared to make a corresponding offer to the Province of Alberta. At the time it was explained that this meant that Alberta would get back its natural resources and the subsidy to that province from the Federal Government would be continued and increased as the population of the province increased.

The negotiations are not so simple as would appear on the surface, however, because Alberta finds herself in a very different position from what Manitoba was. One difference is that in Alberta there are immense national parks, comprising some five million acres, said to be as much as all the other national parks of Canada put together. These parks include some valuable coal deposits. This requires special consideration.

## Plan Additional Ships For Canadian Trade

Government Has Taken The Matter Under Consideration

Ottawa.—The Canadian Government has under consideration the establishment of several additional steamship services for the promotion of Canadian trade abroad. Hon. James Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced. This was an outcome of the success which followed the inauguration of the new government subsidized steamship freight service between British Columbia ports and Australia. Tenders have been called for services from eastern Canadian ports to India, Ceylon and East Africa.

## Japan Would Keep Subs

But Is Willing To Co-Operate In Armament Reduction

Victoria, B.C.—Reijiro Wakatsuki and Admiral Takarabe, heading the Japanese delegation to the forthcoming London naval conference, asserted that their country would go as far toward reducing its naval force as any other power.

The party are on their way to Washington before proceeding to London for the conference, which starts next month.

The former premier said his country desired to keep submarines as a naval weapon.

## LABOR PARTY IN BRITAIN FACING POSSIBLE DEFEAT

London, England.—Britain's Labor Government will be challenged in the House of Commons before Christmas on its unemployment policy, and as it is in the minority by 39, there is a real possibility of defeat on the question of the major policy.

Details of the schemes so far produced by Right Hon. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal, have failed to give any satisfaction to the Opposition parties, and the huge figure of unemployed—1,302,900, despite opportunities of seasonable employment before December 25—is contrasted with Mr. Thomas' plans which visualize a year's work for only 189,300.

In this connection Premier Ramsay MacDonald has agreed to having the question of the Lord Privy Seal's salary debated in the Commons before Christmas, and this occasion will enable the employment problem to be reviewed by all parties.

The Conservative and Liberal newspapers stress the inadequacy of Mr. Thomas' plans, although they sympathize with the tremendous task confronting him. The Conservatives are making the most of the opportunity to show that Labor cannot fulfill its election pledges, and the Liberals to demonstrate that Lloyd George's schemes as the only possible hope of solving the pressing problem of what to do with the hundreds of thousands without work.

The unrelenting and persistent Empire crusaders are enrolling members of the public to pledge themselves to support the Empire as the only way to overcome the present economic difficulties and distress.

## BRITISH ARMY OF OCCUPATION LEAVES GERMANY

Wiesbaden, Germany.—Scenes reminiscent of the first Armistice Day celebration were enacted here after the Union Jack had been hoisted down from British headquarters and the last British soldiers had evacuated the Rhineland.

Residents of the city held their joy within bounds until after the troops were on their way. Then they cut loose. Strangers meeting in the streets clasped hands in congratulation and the cafes were jammed with celebrators who continuously toasted each other and the Fatherland.

The Union Jack came down from its staff over the Hotel Hohenzollern at 2 o'clock this afternoon. At the same hour another small British detachment was leaving Bingen-on-the-Rhine.

Here in Wiesbaden the company of British Fusiliers mounted guard at the approach of the color-bearers and the detachments then passed in review before Lieut. General Sir William Thwaites, British commander, for the last time on German soil.

There was a long roll from the drums and the military band struck up "God Save the King" as the British flag fluttered down from the staff. Then the troops wheeled into column and marched to the station, where they entrained at 3:30 p.m.

Besides General Thwaites and his staff, the ceremony was watched by General Guillaumat, commander of the French troops in the Rhineland, and his chief of staff. A detachment of French cavalry was drawn up before the railway station.

Sir William held a farewell reception in the drawing room of the station to say farewell to his French guests of honor. The only British official remaining in the Rhineland is William Seides, British high commissioner for the Rhineland and high commission since 1928. He will remain in Germany until termination of all occupation of the third zone.

With the departure of the last British garrisons, the number of allied troops in the Rhineland has been decreased within a few months by 25,000.

## Market For B.C. Timber

Vancouver Business Men Sell For Antipodes To Study Markets There

Vancouver.—A crusade for greater markets in Australia and New Zealand for British Columbia lumber products was started recently by four Vancouver business men who sailed for the Antipodes on the "Aorangi." They are J. G. Robins, T. T. Gadd, Major L. R. Andrews, and J. H. McDonald.

The four will study Australian and New Zealand requirements, will address various organizations, interview business and government heads and make extensive investigations.

## Protest From Britishers

Resent German Practice Of "Dumping" Cereals Into Old Land

London, England.—The British foreign office should make representations to Germany indicating unfairness of the German practice of "dumping" cereals into Great Britain, urged the agricultural committee of the conservative parliamentary party, meeting in the parliament buildings to consider the importations of cereals from Germany under the bounty system. The importation in large quantities was a breach of the spirit, if not of the letter, of the mutual obligations which had been entered into, the committee added.

## An Important Decision

Judge Rules R.C.M.P. Have Authority To Enforce Provincial Law

The Pas, Man.—Royal Canadian Mounted Police have the authority to enforce provincial law as well as federal statutes, according to a decision handed down here by Judge A. L. Bonny of the Superior Court of the Northwest Territories. The decision upheld a judgment by Magistrate J. Ridyard.

The case arose out of a claim by defendant that a mounted police officer did not have the right to stop a motor vehicle.

## Open Soup Kitchens

Montreal, Que.—Lord Atholstan and the Montreal Star, with the cooperation of the Canadian Pacific Railway, announce the opening of special relief kitchen for the unemployed during the winter months. The meals are to be entirely free.



## World's Armament Bill

No Single Nation Spends As Much For This Purpose As United States

From the London Economist you learn that the world, this year, is spending \$4,300,000,000 for military establishments. Of this total, the United States spends more than any other single nation. We are first—by no means an enviable record for a country that boasts of its isolation and freedom from entanglements—with an expenditure of \$870,000,000. England is second with an expenditure of \$570,000,000.

All of Europe spends 60 per cent. of the total; the United States spends 20 per cent., and Japan and the rest of the world spend the remaining 20 per cent.

Leadership in armament is at least one place at the top which no nation should wish to hold. With ordinary pensions deducted, the United States is spending twice as much for armament this year as in 1913. Europe, the world's greatest spender, did before the war and considerably more than the average for the period from 1908 to 1913. To bring those armaments down to the level obtaining in 1908, there would have to be an average reduction of 30 per cent. from the level of 1928.

But none of the nations included among the great powers has cause for pride in its armament bill. What will historians in the future say of governments in 1923, or specifically of the government of the United States that spends 50 per cent. of its budget for war and armaments, and of the governments of Great Britain and France that each spend approximately 70 per cent.?

And how curious it will seem to them that such waste was permitted long after so-called efficiency experts came into the world.—Buffalo Courier-Journal.

### Animal's Keen Instinct

Many Have Intuitive Sense Not Known To Man

Many animals and birds seem to possess an extra intuitive sense not known to man.

"The saying, 'Rats will save a sinking ship,' indicates a strange foreknowledge on the part of these creatures.

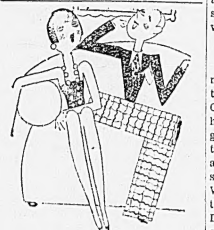
Fish, birds, and animals are invariably true weather prophets. Sea-birds know in some curious way when a storm is approaching. Though the weather is fine and the sky gives no warning of a coming storm, they are moved by some common impulse to make their way inland. Will geese will also fly from the approach of a thunderstorm.

Ants will desert their nests, taking the babies and eggs with them, twenty-four hours before the outbreak of a forest fire.

### The War Pact

The great nations which have signed the Kellogg pact to outlaw war, are this year, spending \$1,000,000,000 on armaments. But this immense expenditure is not made in preparation for war. It is made from habit, and in response from pressure to keep the armament manufacturers profitably employed and the armies and navies going strong and feeling good.—Toronto Star.

**China Breaking Up Estates**  
China has broken up the estates of princes in Mongolia by giving \$1,000,000 worth to peasants. The princes who let go peacefully are left with 3,000 roubles worth. If they resist, they are left with 300 roubles worth. If the peasants make good gardeners, China will go far towards feeding herself on more than rice.



"Do you think classes are unhealthy?"

"I don't know—I have never been there."

"Never been kissed?"

"No—never been ill."—Nobelprater, Zurich.

W. N. U. 1816

## Ravages Of Arthritis

Causes Untold Misery and Attacks Both Man and Beast

Attacking both man and beast, pride and peasant, rich and poor, indifferently throughout the ages, arthritis, an almost disabling half again as many people as tuberculosis, was described by Dr. Laurence H. Mayers, of Chicago, at the 15th annual meeting of the Radiological Society of North America, as easier to prevent than to cure.

"Where tuberculosis is responsible for suffering of six out of every 100 people, who suffer total disability," Doctor Mayers said, "chronic arthritis is responsible for nine."

"Chronic infective arthritis," he said, "is but another name for chronic rheumatism. Whether it is the deforming type or the type characterized by swelling, the disease is the same, differing only in the tissues involved. The skeletons of a man and animals dead for untold centuries, bear mute evidence of the ravages of this disease among them. Chronic arthritis seldom, if ever, kills, yet, as a cause of endless pain and disability, it has no peer among the diseases affecting the human body."

"Chronic arthritis is far more easily prevented than cure. It is always preceded by an infection, usually a focus of infection. This focus is usually accessible for surgical removal and in most cases may be located by radiographs as in the teeth and accessory sinuses. If it is not allowed to remain, with its constant feeding of poisons into the system, arthritis does not develop."

"Preceding this joint condition, which dominates the picture of the disease, known as arthritis, there is usually a history of fatigue, loss of weight, frequently low grade temperature, and again one might say a general break in health. From these symptoms we may know that there is a subtle poison being constantly supplied to the body and that the infection is moving on, in its obscure way until the joint and much pains develop to clarify the picture."

"The treatment of the joints, as a local condition, is not a logical procedure. The hope of relief must lie in identification and removal of the focus of infection, discovery by serologic methods of the disease causing the disease, since there is a many types of bacteria which may be responsible, and finally the administration of such treatment as will neutralize the toxin, or by stimulating the body cells to the production of neutralizing agents."

### France Has Plenty Of Wheat

People Will Be Eating Practically All-French Bread

France is returning to virtually all-French bread, under a legislation for the assistance of the farmers. Hon. Jean Hennessey, Minister of Agriculture, has fixed the quantity of French flour which is to go into the making of French bread at 97 per cent. This proportion will not be modified unless there is a shortage in French flour or if the holders compromise the country's food supply by restricting their offers of flour or demanding exaggerated prices.

The minister's intent on is to return to the good pre-war French bread, which M. Hennessey describes as "tasty, strengthening, easy to digest and health giving," which with French wine has contributed to the endowment of our race with its qualities of vigor and endurance."

The prefects are to report in January, February and March on the progress in their respective departments under the new regulations. "Under the law," the minister observes, "I am entitled to control the price of bread."

The minister's act on results from the record wheat crop in France. In consequence of heavy supplies, the prices of wheat dropped below the level at which wheat could be profitably grown, according to the farmers. The measures also include an increase in the duty on foreign wheat.

The wheat bureau, which will make a special study of markets and of scientific methods of cultivating wheat growing, will also be created.

### Mixed On Scripture

The London Advertiser tells of a man who went to church and learned to his astonishment that Sodom and Gomorrah were not man and wife, as he had supposed. He must be like that golfing chap who got back to church the other day after a summer-long absence, but was so tired out that he dozed right through the sermon. When he came home he told his wife that the text was in the epistle from Dan to Beersheba, but he'd forgotten chapter and verse.

### Turkish Language Declining

English, which a century ago was spoken by twenty million people, is now the language of two hundred and twenty millions. The only declining language is Turkish, which has decreased from thirty to twenty-four millions.

## WILL VISIT THIS COUNTRY



Norman Angell, M.P., author of "The Great Illusion," an adviser to the Labor Government of Great Britain on foreign policy, who will visit this country, English by birth, Mr. Angell spent his youth in America as rancher and cowpuncher. He was later in charge of Paris edition of the London Daily Mail, and is the founder of the Union of Democratic Control.

### Roads In Banff Park

Nearly Two Hundred Miles Of Excellent Roads Radiate From Mountain Resort

Nearly two hundred miles of excellent roads radiate from Banff, Alberta, the Government townsite of Banff National Park. All of these roads, with the exception of the Spray Valley Road, are open to motor cars. The Spray Road, reserved for the use of horses and riding ponies, is one of the most delightful routes for a gallop in the park. Winding among the pine trees, and skirting the Spray River, it affords fine views of Mount Rundle, named after Rev. Robert T. Rundle, missionary to the Indians of the Northwest from 1840 to 1848. Goat mountain is also seen from this road which is open for seven miles to an old lumber camp.

### Educational Motion Pictures

Nation-Wide Lecture Plan Is Aim Of National Museum

A nation-wide lecture service through the utilization of educational motion pictures is being planned by the National Museum, at Ottawa.

For some years the museum has conducted a course of free lectures for school children and adults on separate days, and it is planned to extend the course over the entire country through the distribution of films. Already the museum has formed the nucleus of a motion picture library and is lending films to responsible organizations willing to pay the cost of shipment.

Civilization has been the cause of many new diseases, according to one scientist.

## Chemistry In Practice

Study Now Closely Associated With Practical Side Of Life

Chemistry, in its earlier days regarded as a purely academic study, is now as closely interwoven with the practical side of life that it is being increasingly discussed in terms of industry, economics and human safety. The world war forced the subject of chemistry on the attention of millions of persons. Of course, all previous use of explosives had been based upon chemical laws, but when dispatches from the war region began to refer to chlorine, phosgene, mustard gas and tear gas, the public mind commenced to perceive the existence of a realm of unfamiliar phenomena that was likely to have an important influence on the political destiny of the world.

Fortunately, chemical knowledge has application to the arts of peace in ways that are even more diverse and more extensive than those used in war. In industry and agriculture, chemistry is being applied in a manner that is almost revolutionary. Newer developments along synthetic lines suggest possibilities of future achievements that are staggering in their scope. Prevention of fire is only part of the service of chemical combinations. Without this protection, fire insurance companies would be subjected to still higher risks than they now face, and to more formidable losses, in spite of high premiums.

### Science Seeks Milder Onion

Trying To Produce Larger Vegetable And Reduce Flavor

A milder onion may be offered to the American public eventually as result of experiments which have been in progress about four years at the Massachusetts Agricultural College Experimental Station, says a United Press dispatch.

While the main objects of the work at present are the development of larger and more profitable onions, the tempering of the vegetable's notoriously strong flavor looms as an ultimate goal, working under the direction of Professor J. P. Jones, are using 67 different strains of onions in connection with their experiments.

### Reason Enough

An old Scots minister was tireless in visiting the members of his flock. He had not noted the absence from church of one hitherto regular attendant.

"Donald," he said to this man, "I haven't seen you in the kirk lately."

"Na, sir."

"Well, ye ken, I wad like to know the reason."

"Weel," replied Donald, "I hae three decided objections. Firstly, I dinna believe in sue muckle sin'n; secondly, I dinna believe in bein' whaur ye do all the 'tainin'; thirdly, it was there I got ma wife."

## Farm Trains For Canada

Better Selection Will Be Made In 1930 Quota From Britain

Better methods of training and selection will be predominating factors in the choice of the 1930 quota of British farm trainees for Canada. This announcement was made by the Department of Immigration and Colonization in commenting on a statement of Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal in the MacDonald Labor Government, that 3,000 trainees would be sent to the Dominion next year. The number will represent a reduction of 500 approximately as compared with the trainees who came this year.

Each of the trainees who migrate to Canada in 1930, it was learned, must have a minimum of three months' training at one of the farm training centers now in operation in the British Isles. In the course of their training attention to the practical essentials of Canadian farm life must have been given to qualify their admission: while there is a determination on it, was stated, to get men of the rugged type accustomed to hard manual labor. Positions for these trainees on Canadian farms will be secured by the Department of Immigration and Colonization.

Dating back to 1926, products of these farming schools have been entering Canada for farm work.

In each of the years 1926 and 1927 several hundred trainees came to the Dominion, and this number increased to 1,500 approximately in 1928. This year about 3,500 trainees arrived, and some of these men, found unsuitable for farm life in this country, it was stated, are being returned.

### New Use For Generals

Honduras Finds Them Good Bosses For Road Building

Road building as a cure for "revolutionary itch" has been a success this year in Honduras. It has also answered a question as to what the government should do with its huge crop of generals.

"Generals, of course, are supposed to be fighters, and when there is no fighting some of them grow tired of idleness and sometimes try to stir up a little excitement. So the government decided that work would be a good outlet for these pent up energies. There were two naval districts and seventeen army districts which 19 of the restless spirits could command, but there were plenty left over.

Honduras needs roads and the generals are good bosses. So the superfluous commanders were detailed to oversee road gangs. Events proved that after spending a day in the hot sun of the lowlands, directing the work of road building, any general, no matter how much of a general he is, feels inclined to tranquility rather than to starting a fight.

### Good Roads In African Congo

Native Chiefs Had Them Made Fit For Speeding

An American manufacturer of automobiles cables the news that wonderful highways are being built in the Congo in the centre of Africa, states the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Native chiefs have been presented with handsome new automobiles. They found themselves equipped to travel and no way to go. Their subjects were set to work to building roads. Then competition started. Each chief wanted to be the speed king of the district and the roads in each region had to be made fit for speeding. The result is that a motorist can travel for miles on ultra-modern highways in darkest Africa and his only danger is in traffic problems with speeding chiefs at the wheel.

### Technical Agriculturists

The Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, founded in 1920, now has 17 branches and 1,100 members, according to Prof. J. P. Sackville, of animal husbandry in the University of Alberta and president of the Society. Marked progress is being made, he said, in the various branches of work undertaken.

### Longest Continuous Trip

What is claimed to be the longest non-stop railway journey ever made has been accomplished in South America, where a Boardman-Diesel electric engine hauled a special train from Buenos Ayres to Cipolletti, a distance of 775 miles, in 20 hours 37 minutes.

### A Great Druggist

Two druggists were talking about one of their conferees who had just died.

"He was a great druggist," said one.

"But not," admitted the other. "He didn't think he made his chicken-salad a little too salty?"

Deer Park, near Copenhagen, consisting of 4,200 acres, is the largest park in the world.

## The Tractor In Farm Work

Many Jobs On Farms Which Can Be Done More Economically With Horses

Before horses are dispensed with in favor of tractors for farm work, it is well to make a careful calculation as to the cost of operating a tractor. In doing this, two main and somewhat distinct items must be considered. These are fixed or overhead cost and direct operating cost. The direct operating charges include fuel, oil and the labor in making the repairs. In order to determine the daily cost of operating the tractor, the total fixed or overhead charges for the year should be divided by the number of days of work the tractor does annually. To this amount must be added the direct operating cost, the fuel, oil, and wages of the operator. It will be seen that if the machine is used for only a few days per year the fixed or overhead charges per day will be very high because these charges do not change with the increasing amounts of work except to a slight extent in so far as the repairs are concerned. However, if the tractor is operated a large number of days per year the daily overhead charge becomes small.

The cost of operating a tractor has been figured out by Dr. E. S. Hopkins, Dominion Field Husbandman, who has carefully gone into the matter during a period of several years. In his bulletin No. 115 of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, entitled "Cost of Producing Farm Crops in Eastern Canada," it is pointed out that the average daily operating cost amounted to \$6.69 for a two-plough tractor, and \$10.22 per day for a three-plough tractor. The tractors on which information was secured by Dr. Hopkins performed a considerable amount of custom work over and above that done on the owner's farm. Had no custom work been done it must follow that the overhead charges would have been somewhat increased.

Dr. Hopkins' bulletin includes tables which show the items which enter into the study. On a basis of costs per acre with the use of tractors as compared with horses it is shown that a two-plough tractor not only ploughs more than three times as much per day as a two horse team, but does this at one-half the cost per acre. For disking and cultivating there was found to be a fairly substantial saving, while for harrowing, the horses do the work nearly as cheaply as the tractor. It should be remembered, states Dr. Hopkins, that there are many jobs which can be done more economically with horses than with the tractor. The place of the tractor is to supplement the work of horses and to provide power for belt work where conditions warrant its purchase.

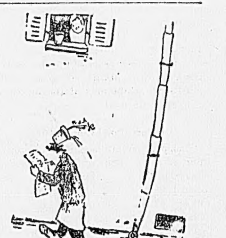
### Another Catch Question

Meat Requires Less Ice Than Same Quantity Of Fruit

Another catch question recently dealt with in a Department of Agriculture bulletin is, "Which would require the larger piece of ice to keep it cool, a ten-pound roast of beef or ten pounds of ripe peaches?" The peaches have it, for, as explained, "the peaches, as a rule, present a different case. The peaches are living. Physical and chemical changes are in progress. The fruit is ripening. It is taking up oxygen and is liberating carbon dioxide. The water carried by the oxidation of its sugars. This chemical process is accompanied by a production of heat, and the heat would melt some ice in the refrigerator which would not be melted if the meat roast were substituted and kept at the same temperature as the peaches."

### Predicts Welded Highways

Highways made of one single strip of steel welded together and extending from coast to coast were predicted by Bennett Chappel, addressing the International Acetylene Association of Chicago. He also forecast the making of steel bathroom outfits welded into one unit, including all fixtures, before it left the factory.



"There! As soon as I leave off my glasses, my headache starts again."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.



### A CHARACTER STUDY

Here is shown a recent character study of Premier Mackenzie King as he appeared in an informal pose during his recent visit to the Pacific Coast. The photograph was taken while he was a guest at Government House, Victoria, British Columbia.



## Sore throats need this Double-Treatment

RUBBED on the throat, Vicks relieves in two direct ways:

- (1) Its vapors, released by the body heat, are inhaled directly to the air passages; and
- (2) At the same time Vicks "draws out" the soreness like an old-fashioned poultice.

**gets 2 ways at once**  
**VICKS**  
 2 VAPORUB  
 OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

## The Singing Fool

By HUBERT DAHL  
 Copyright, 1925, Warner Bros. Pictures, Inc.

### SYNOPSIS

Al Stone, singing waiter at Blackie Joe's New York night club, is loved by Grace Farrell, the cigarette girl, but he doesn't know it. He marries Molly Winton, a ballad singer, and wins fame as a composer of popular songs. When their baby, Junior, is about two years old, Molly elopes with John Perry, Al's best friend. Stone and Perry take the child Al adores and sail for France. Al, broken by the loss, becomes a derelict. Months later he drifts into Blackie's place at night, where Grace Farrell, who still loves him, shames him into the promise to stage a come-back. They leave the club together shortly after dawn, but as they reach the street Al staggers.

### CHAPTER XXVI

"What's the matter?" Grace asked anxiously.

"It's just the effect of coming suddenly into the sunlight after all that has happened—back there. I'm not quite sure of myself and my directions. And I look so terrible down-and-out in this bright daylight."

It was true, Al's appearance was pathetically seedy, but Grace dismissed that.

"We'll soon fix everything," she said confidently. "And Al—?"

"Yes."

"If I'm to help you, you must give me your full confidence—tell me where you're living and promise not to run away again."

"I will, Grace," Al answered earnestly, in the tone of a child who wants desperately to make a good impression. "I'll promise."

Grace smiled in spite of her attempt to appear a trifle stern.

"Well, then, come along."

As they strolled along the sunlit streets, with Grace occasionally sending a happy glance to Al's face, she could not help but realize that their positions were reversed from the time when she had first known him. Then she had been a frightened child and big, generous Al had protected her from the rowdy customers at Blackie's place. Now she was almost leading that same man as if he were a child, protecting him and encouraging him constantly. Her heart was ready to burst with pride and love.

"Where do you live?" she asked.

"It's over there," said Al, vaguely indicating the East Side. "You know," he paused irresolutely, "I hate for you to walk over there. It's such a dump. Just a rickety, cheap hotel—almost like a flop house."

"That doesn't matter to me," said Grace quickly, "but if you'd rather go home alone, all right. Only don't think I care about your clothes or where you live, or anything like that. I just care about you."

There was no mistaking the look in Grace's eyes—Al realized at last that she loved him. Yet he marvelled at it—how could she love down-and-out like him? He felt a rapid throb under his dilapidated vest, an emotion he had not known for a long time. He wanted to put his arms about her and tell her how much she meant to him, but he held

back. This was neither the time nor the place.

"Before you go home," suggested Grace, "walk over to the Square with me. I live near there. We can sit on a bench and talk for a while. It will be good for you."

Al nodded. Presently they emerged from the canyons of streets to the wide, green expanse of Washington Square.

"See how beautiful it is," said Grace. "I thought it would make you feel better. The leaves are turning red and yellow. And see how nice the green buses look passing under the trees. Here, we'll try this bench."

Al sat down and relaxed, his eyes half closed. The autumnal morning sunlight slanted down from between two skyscrapers, spreading fan-shapes across the level expanse and lighting the white arch. Italian slum children played on the south side, while in the northern part of the Square the children of the rich toddled about, under the watchful eyes of nurses.

"You say you live near here?" Al asked finally.

"Yes, just around the corner on Waverley Place. I have a room."

"Oh yes." Some hint of Grace's rather bleak and lonely life was borne home to Al in that one sentence—"I have a room." She had a room, but knew it—at last. He'll talk a great deal about that later. But now you must go home and get some sleep. I'll go my way and—I'll see you tonight at Blackie's."

He rose. "Grace, you're the most wonderful girl in the world. I know it—at last. You've given me a great deal about that later. But now you must go home and get some sleep. I'll go my way and—I'll see you tonight at Blackie's."

Grace stood before him, eyes glowing. "Thank you, Al," she whispered. She felt her hand seized. Suddenly he leaned over and kissed it.

"By-bye, little one, it's I who should do the thanking. . . . You'll see me tonight and, if clothes can make a difference, you'll see a different person. You just won't know Al Stone in his glad garments. And listen—"

"You'll see that hotel over there—the white one?"

"Yes."

"That will be my address tomorrow. Then we'll be near each other and I can walk home with you every morning from Blackie's place. Tell Blackie I'm coming over to try out with his show if he'll give me a job."

Al was walking away, with Grace staring after him. He strode along briskly now and when he reached the edge of the Square he turned to wave good-bye to the intent little figure.

For a moment Grace waited after he had disappeared, then she turned the other way toward her own home. Passers-by who saw her face knew that one girl had found happiness.

Al had over-estimated his strength in keeping up that rapid pace. He maintained it until he reached his hotel bedroom, then he sat down on the side of the bed, verging on physical collapse. The room's dinginess and the feeling communion of the life he had been leading, brought a sudden wave of depression. But he fought it off, rose and began pacing up and down.

"I won't be licked," he told himself sharply. "Throw that little girl overboard. All she's done for me—never!"

He quickly opened a bureau drawer, took out an old sock and drew forth a roll of bills. The bills were quickly stuffed into his coat pocket, then he ran from the room as if escaping from a scene of pestilence.

An hour later he entered a man's haberdashery. He was shaved and his hair was trimmed. A clerk looked at him suspiciously, but finally deigned to approach.

"I want some clothes. Shirts, ties, socks, shoes, suits—the whole thing."

"Yes?" The clerk's nose rose a trifle higher.

"It's all right," said Al, and added simply, "I have the money." When he drew out his roll of bills the clerk's eyes bulged.

"I want the best you've got—and suppose we start on a blue serge suit. I always liked blue serge. Then I want some tweeds and some evening clothes."

The clerk saw a big commission ahead and stepped lively to supply Al's wants. But he couldn't help wondering if the man had stolen the money or if some rich relative had suddenly died and left him a fortune. As they went from counter to counter Al's sense of shame at his run-down appearance left him; he even began to take a keen delight in the new clothes he was buying.

Grace had gone home to sleep as Al suggested. It was sleep broken by rosy dreams, during which she seemed to be floating gently under a clear blue sky. When she awoke it was afternoon. Soon she was hurrying toward Blackie's club.

Now it was well on toward midnight and Al had not appeared. Grace bent over her accounts and checked the waiters as they passed by

her. Was Al going to fall her; would he prove too weak to make the come-back, after all her efforts? She drove the thought resolutely from her.

(To Be Continued.)

## Child Slavery In China

Authorities Find It Very Difficult To Deal With Situation

In connection with the introduction of a bill into the Hong Kong legislature for the abolition of the "mul" system, whereby little girls are sold into domestic slavery, it was said recently that the system could not be done away with by legislation, but required the education of public opinion.

In effect this was the explanation of the failure of the British Government to wipe out this blot. Forty years ago Lord Kimberley, the then governor of the colony, found that while by law there was no slavery, in practice it existed. From then onwards there have been constant proclamations making the purchase of children between the ages of four and 14 illegal.

The obvious evasion was that by religion and tradition it was customary to "adopt" children as the companions of the wealthy or even as slaves. Certain money passed, but that was only as a form of compensation. In some ways, it was argued, the children were better off with their new owners as they often came from poor homes. However, it is common knowledge that these children were, and still are, treated with cruelty, made to serve as drudges, and even employed for worse purposes.

## Big Project Being Planned

Engineers Discuss Reclaiming Vast Section Of Submerged Europe

A project for reclaiming a vast section of Europe capable of supporting 20,000,000 people, which sank into the North Sea 500,000 years ago is being discussed by engineers. If ever materialized its sponsors believe the scheme would go far towards solving Europe's problem of over-population.

Technically the plan is feasible, say the engineers. They do not, however, attempt to forecast how the political problem of dividing the land among England, Belgium, Holland, Denmark and Germany would be solved.

The project contemplates a huge dam some 500 miles long from off the Spurn Head, England, to the northern end of Denmark, and another dam across the English Channel from Dover to Calais. It is figured that the main dam would rest upon a former mountain chain which is now from 23 to 47 metres (75 to 154) feet below surface.

Back of the barriers would be land covered by an average of 90 feet of water. The schemers say that draining this would be comparatively easy. Then there would appear a great stretch of land which formerly connected England with the continent and which is believed to be rich in agricultural and mineral possibilities.

## Anticipated Modern Science

Cure For Paralysis Known To South African Witch Doctors

One of the strongest unions in the world is that of South African witch doctors. The Durgaka, as the organization is known, was formed in order to protect the natives against the men of South Africa. Though the law now frowns on them, these witch-doctors still have a big hold on the natives, and have, it must be admitted, some remarkable cures to their credit. In part, these cures may be due to knowledge of the healing properties of herbs—there are old people, even in this country, who, by means of simple knowledge of simples, are often consulted in cases of illness. But the witch-doctors have also anticipated modern science in at least one remarkable instance—they were curing general paralysis by means of the bite of malaria-carrying mosquitoes for years before the same treatment was adopted by medical men.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one's need be troubled with them as long as they use a simple remedy as Holloway's Corn Remover is available.

Effect Of Sun Spots

Four sections of grapes from the province of Quebec, measured at the Dominion Observatory, indicate in the annual growth-rings a variation corresponding to the sunspot period of 11.5 years, with the maximum growth on the average 22 per cent. greater than the minimum growth.

A number of Canadian Shorthorn cattle are going to Manchuria, having been purchased by an agent of the South Manchurian Railway with a view to improving the native cattle of Manchuria, according to the Agricultural Department of the Canadian National Railways.

Milner's Liniment For Dislocation.



MADE BY THE BAKERS OF

## Christie's Biscuits

The Standard of Quality Since 1853

### Thousand Years Old

Zipper Supposed To Be Modern Invention Used By Vikings

Bibbed hair was the fashion 1,000 years ago, and the Vikings had already invented a "zipper." These interesting facts, together with many others of greater scientific importance, have been established through the discovery near Tilsit, East Prussia, of a great Viking burial place, dating from the ninth, tenth and eleventh centuries. Thus far eighty graves have been opened, and these are but a small part of the total. These graves of a young woman with bobbed hair was found, as also "zippers," which were used in place of buttons or pins to secure garments. The finds will be placed in the Prussia Museum, in Konigsberg.

## WHEN YOUR BABY CATCHES A COLD

In spite of all precautions little ones will take colds—especially during the changeable days of our Fall season. When the first symptoms appear—sneezing, redness of the eyes, running nose—Baby's Own Tablets should be given at once. They will break up the cold and prevent more serious complications. Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the home always feel safe. In fact they are like having a doctor in the house. They are gentle but thorough laxative that sweeten the stomach and regulate the bowels, thus driving out constipation and indigestion and relieving the baby of the many childhood ailments which are the direct result of a clogged condition of the bowels or sour stomach. They are absolutely safe—being guaranteed to contain no drug at all harmful to the youngest babe. They cannot possibly do harm—they always do good.

## Tourist Association

Canadian Association Of Tourist and Publicity Bureaux Is Formed At Montreal

A new association to be known as the Canadian Association of Tourist and Publicity Bureaux, with headquarters in Montreal, was formed at the concluding meeting of the convention of Canadian tourist, convention and publicity organizations. The new body, which will be represented from coast to coast, will take out a Dominion charter.

Hon. Mr. Justice Arsenault, representing the Prince Edward Island Publicity Association, was elected president.

Cheapest Of All Oils.—Considering the qualities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and all country merchants keep it for sale. So, being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price, no one should be without a bottle of it.

She came into the police station with a picture in her hand. "My husband has disappeared," she sobbed. "Here is his picture. I want you to find him."

The inspector looked up from the photograph. "Why?" he asked.

In China red as a body color for automobiles is prohibited because of religious significance, and in Spain blue is prohibited because it is the color of the royal family.

Instant Relief! Corns Sore Foot Lumps PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

## Health Agencies Plan Co-operation

Canadian Associations With \$2,000,000 Annual Budget Meet In Ottawa

Very quietly, and without benefit of publicity, agencies that expend annually \$2,000,000 in promotion of Canadian health, met in Ottawa the other day to discuss ways and means of co-ordinating their efforts and eliminating overlapping.

So successful was this effort to bring into the field of national health the same spirit of co-operation that is making giant business mergers one of the signs of the times, that the four agencies participating are considering adopting a set, annual date for regularly pooling their wisdom and mutually arranging their programmes.

The meeting was called by Dr. J. H. King, Minister of Pensions and National Health, and presided over by Dr. J. A. Amyot. A list of the organizations represented, follows:

Red Cross, Canadian Tuberculosis Association, Canadian Social Hygiene Council, Canadian Council on Child and Family Welfare, St. John's Ambulance Association, Canadian Dental Hygiene Council, Canadian Nurses' Association, Canadian Medical Association, National Council of Women, Canadian Public Health Association, Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene, Federation of Women's Institutes, Federation of French-Canadian Women and Victorian Order of Nurses.

## One Woman In Eight Dies From Cancer

While Male Mortality One In 11, Says Canadian Radiologist

Out of every eight Canadian and American women, one dies of cancer, according to Dr. Gordon E. Richards, Toronto, chairman of the convention of the Radiological Society of North America, held in Toronto, recently. Dr. Richards is director of the Department of Radiology in the University of Toronto.

Conditions, however, are steadily improving.

"Even within the past five years, improvements in the mode of treatment have increased the number of cures of cancer in women very greatly," he said, "and cures of throat and mouth cancer have increased by twenty-five per cent. during that period."

Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood, of Johns Hopkins University, and one of the most renowned cancer specialists in the world—who also attended the convention—stated in a recent interview that public education is, today, the greatest weapon in the fight against this disease.

## Why He Honked

A young road-hog known for his determination never to be overtaken was going at great speed one day when he heard an insistent "honking" behind him.

He turned and saw, just on his hind wheels, a baby car driven by a wild-looking individual.

Back he turned to his wheel, down went the accelerator pedal, and up rushed the speed indicator.

Seventy-eight miles an hour were touched, but still the honking continued.

At last worn out, the speed maniac slowed down and drew to the side of the road.

"Come on, then, if you must pass," he cried.

"I'm sorry," said the driver of the baby car, "but I'm hooked on."

Saskatoon To Extend Paving

Subject to the approval of the Local Government Board, the council at Saskatoon authorized the expenditure of \$150,000 on paving and road making for 1930. Of this amount, \$104,000 will be for permanent paving.

Epsom salts, comparatively harmless in the stomach, is a violent poison in the veins.

Good for Toothache—Minnar's Liniment.

## Little Helps For This Week

"Let us walk by the same rule, let us mind the same thing."—Phil. iii. 16.

Life hath a load Which must be carried on, and safely may. Yet keep those cares without thee; Be God's alone, and choose the better part.

Through all thy actions, counsels, and discourse, Let mildness and religion guide thee out;

If truth be thine, what needs a brutish force? But what's not good and just he'er go about.

—Henry Vaughan.

Elizabeth Fry drew up for her own guidance the following rules:—

1. Never lose any time. I do not think that lost which is spent in amusement or recreation every day; but always be in the act of being employed.
2. Never err the least in truth.
3. Never say an ill thing of a person when thou canst say a good thing of him; not only speak charitably but feel so.
4. Never be irritable or unkind to anybody.
5. Never indulge thyself in luxuries that are not necessary.
6. Do all things with consideration; and when thy path to act right is difficult, put confidence in that Power alone which is able to assist thee, and exert thy own powers as far as they go.

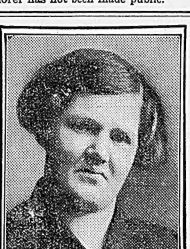
No More Asthma. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy sounds the death knell of this trying trouble. It stops the awful choking and painful breathing. It guards against night attacks and gives ready relief. Much is claimed for this remedy, but nothing but what can be demonstrated by a trial. If you suffer from asthma try it and convince yourself of its great value.

## Railway Speed Record

The speed record for transcontinental rail travel is held by the Canadian National Railways, one of the system's all-electric locomotives having crossed from Montreal to Vancouver, 2,944 miles, in 67 hours.

Every man should realize that it is much easier to live within one's income than without one.

Vitamins have been found in hash, but the name of the palstalking explorer has not been made public.



## From Mother of Six

"I think Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is wonderful! I have had six children of which four are living and my youngest is a bonnie baby boy now eight months old who weighs 23 pounds. I have taken your medicine before each of them was born and have certainly received great benefit from it. I urge my friends to take it as I am sure they will receive the same help I did."—Mrs. Milton McKinnon, Vanessa, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Inc., Main U. S. A. and Canada, Orange, N.J.

## RAW FURS WANTED

We will pay top prices for all kinds of furs. Write for details to S. FIRTKO—426 Penn Ave. Pittsburgh, Penna. U. S. of America

## PATENTS

A list of "Wanted Inventions" and full information sent free on request. The RAMSAY Co. Inc. 275 BANK ST. 1st FLOOR OTTAWA, ONT.

W. N. U. 1816

**The Chinook Advance****Heard About Town**

Jas. Rennie made a business trip to Hanna Tuesday.

We are having a real winter this time with lots of snow and cold weather.

Owing to the liberal advertising patronage much news had to be omitted this week.

M. John Cooley is in Calgary this week, attending the Ford dealers convention.

Mrs. Ida Flater who has been at Sibbald for the past month, returned Monday morning.

Order your Xmas greeting cards early. Our stock is complete and better than ever.—E. E. Jacques.

Mrs. Klaus Hohlen, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lawson, of Drumheller, for the past two months, returned on Friday.

Mrs. J. Campbell, Calgary, arrived here on Wednesday morning and will spend the Xmas vacation with her mother, Mrs. C. W. Barton.

Those having friends for Xmas and those going away for Xmas will confer a favor on The Advance by giving us the news as early as possible.

Dr. Richardson, the dentist has an advertisement on this page announcing he will be in Cereal for professional services from December 23 to 28.

H. Allam, of Calgary, supervisor of this division of the Soldiers' Settlement Board, arrived on Monday morning on a business visit to the local field man Robt. Holloway.

S. F. Webster, who has been working for the past two and a half years for E. B. Allen, of Heathdale, left last week for Nottingham, England, where he will spend the winter months. Mr. Webster intends to return in the spring.

Geo. Chord, of Calgary, who has been holding pool meetings in various places throughout the district, arrived on Monday morning. He will conduct meetings in rural schools until this (Thursday) evening, when he will have charge of one in the Chinook school.

Mrs. Gertrude Thompson and son, Willie, of Calgary, arrived here Tuesday morning and will spend the Xmas vacation with the former's daughter, Mrs. J. Cooley. Congratulations Willie, who came 2nd highest in his class in grade XI at Crescent Heights high school, Calgary.

Cameron Long, of Cereal, has resigned his position as blockman for the Massey Harris Machine Co. and has bought out the Massey Harris agency from N. J. McFalls at Hanna. Mr. Long took over the business on Monday, but will not move his family there before spring.

**Dr. Richardson**  
**DENTIST**  
will be in CEREAL  
for professional  
services on  
**Dec. 23 to 28**

**The Acadia Hotel**  
Gives a Service Satisfactory  
to the Travelling Public  
**J. G. CONNELL, Manager** CHINOOK

**High School Report**

The following is the report of the Christmas examinations of the Chinook High School. Individual reports are being sent to each parent.

**GRADE XI**

Lyle Begon 95.7  
Vincent Rideout 92.1  
Doris Marcy 91.4  
Madeline Otto 84.5  
Eddie Bredin 76.8

Genevia Johnson 74.5  
Mildred Milligan 74.5  
Alexandra MacPherson 62.1  
Gordon Agar 54.8

**GRADE X**

Eileen Bjork 80.8  
Inez Peterson 65.6  
Sidney De Maere 58  
Mabel Young 56.8  
Thompson Macintosh 55.8

Ray Trogen 54.8  
Gladys Wright missed all tests on account of illness.

**GRADE IX**

Florence Connell 85.9  
John Howton 85.3  
Celestine Dressel 82.7  
Margaret McLean 78.2  
Joan Bayley 75.8  
Marjorie Lee 75.4

Eva MacPherson 74.8  
Jean Macintosh 67.7  
Urdine Brownell 61.4  
Hanna Van O'K. 60  
George Connell 58.6  
Norman O'Malley 41.1  
Florence MacPherson 27.6

The report for the lower grade will appear in The Advance next week.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. K. L. Parks, of Sibbald, a son, on December 1st.

**King Restaurant**

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM  
CHINOOK - - - ALTA

**W. W. Isbister**  
**General Blacksmith**

Conifers and Dies Sharpened,  
Horse Shoeing and General  
Wood Work Repairing.  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED

**CHINOOK****Chinook**  
**Beauty Parlor**  
First Class Work At  
Reasonable Prices

Shop Closed Monday  
Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.  
Phone 5

**WALTER M. CROCKETT, LL.B.**  
BARRISTER SOLICITOR  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
YOUNGSTOWN, ALBERTA

**J. W. Bredin**  
Licensed Auctioneer  
For Dates Phone 4  
or Write Box 48

**Motor Truck Delivery**  
Prompt Service, Prices Reasonable  
M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

**Small Advertisements**

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. Three weeks for the price of two.

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district. Send it in.

**CHINOOK MARKET PRICES****WHEAT**

1 Northern ..... \$1.16  
2 Northern ..... 1.13  
3 Northern ..... 1.07  
No. 4 ..... 1.02  
No. 5 ..... .94  
No. 6 ..... .78  
Feed ..... .76

**BUTTER AND EGGS**

Butter ..... .35  
Eggs ..... .35

**Church Announcements****CHINOOK UNITED**

Sunday, December 8—Service 7.30.  
You are cordially invited to worship with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

**CHINOOK CATHOLIC**

Service Second Sunday Every Month.  
Mass at 8 a.m.

**Church of England in Canada**

(Mission of Youngstown and Cereal)  
Sunday, December 22—Stim-on 11 a.m., Peyton 2 p.m., Cereal 7.30 p.m.  
Christmas Day—Cereal 11 a.m.  
Thursday, December 26—Youngstown 8.30 p.m.

F. H. Torpey,  
Lay Reader in Charge.

**Mohawk Trail Rangers**

The above organization met in their play room on Thursday evening of last week. The meeting was opened with the regular ceremony. After roll call 11 minutes were read and confirmed. Announcement was made that Kenneth Dawson, Jack Connor and Leonard Youell had earned school badges. Games were then played.

**News in Brief**

Alberta's 1930 auto license plates will be green and white.

Nearly 19,000 automobile and truck licenses have been issued in 1929 in the Calgary district.

October 12 was apple day with the Rotarians in Calgary, and the sum of \$2,349.75 was raised for The Herald's Sunshine Santa Claus fund.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 116,  
G. R. A., A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday  
even or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially  
welcomed.

KEITH THOMPSON,  
W.M.  
R. W. WRIGHT,  
Secretary.

**FRANK V. HOWARD**

A.L.C.M.

Visits Chinook Every Saturday  
PIANO, THEORY and HARMONY  
Pupils prepared for the Toronto  
Conservatory (Local Exams.)  
YOUNGSTOWN CENTRE  
TERMS: \$1.00 PER LESSON

Pianos & Organs tuned and regulated  
Address: YOUNGSTOWN, ALTA.

**GUARANTEED**  
**RHEUMATISM**  
**CURE**

HERBS ONLY  
SOLD BY

Ho Yee Way  
&  
G. Clark

**Collholme Happenings**

Rev. Thos Bell spent Saturday at the N. D. Morrison home.

Owing to weather conditions this column has been absent from the paper for two weeks.

His Majesty's mail carrier, Mr. Seeger, was delayed last week by very bad road conditions.

John MacLennan was the first in this district to go to town under the present weather conditions.

John Duncan puts all his trust in his Ford for going through the snow, while Alex MacLennan perseveres with his Chevy. Mr. Sporeman remains quiet.

Kindly remember that the annual Christmas concert of the Collholme Nazarene Sunday School will be held in the Collholme Church on December.

Two of our local boys who are attending school in Nanton and Calgary, will, we trust, be home for Christmas. They are Murdoch MacPherson and Edward Duncan.

The faithful red cutter, which makes a daily pilgrimage to the Collholme school, was absent on Friday owing to a worn out shoe. Its occupants, however, took refuge in the stone boat.

According to the Collholme hunters' statistics there is one snowy owl, one Peter rabbit, one coyote and three flicks of partidges left in the district. Who is to be the man who captures his wild game, and will it rid the farmers of those which are pests?

**Chinook Cafe**

Meals and Lunches Served at Any Time, Ice Cream and Candies  
MAH BROS., Proprietors

**CANADIAN NATIONAL****Low Fares**

THIS WINTER TO

**EASTERN**  
**CANADA**

**PACIFIC**  
**COAST**

December 1 to January 5, 1930  
Return 3 Months, Date of Sale

Certain Dates Dec., Jan., Feb.  
Return up to April 15, 1930

Choice of Routes - - Stopover Privileges

**CENTRAL**  
**STATES**

December 1 to January 5, 1930  
Return 3 Months, Date of Sale

Canadian National through trains pass through a territory replete with scenic grandeur, of historical and educational value to the traveller. On its trains will be found companions jolly and likeable—an infectious air of friendliness and good-fellowship. There is nothing superior to the Canadian National sleeping and dining car service. Radio-receiving service is an added feature on the through trains.

Any Agent of the Canadian National will be glad to quote lowest fares and arrange all the details of the trip—or write

**J. MADILL (District Passenger Agent) EDMONTON**

You'll Like

Canadian National

Service

**Advertise in The Advance****THE**  
**BREWING INDUSTRY**  
**OF ALBERTA**

THE BIG HORN BREWING CO., LTD.  
THE CALGARY BREWING & MALTING CO., LTD.  
THE LETHBRIDGE BREWERIES, LTD.  
THE NEW EDMONTON BREWERIES, LTD.  
THE NORTH WEST BREWING CO., LTD.

extend

**Heartiest Wishes for**  
**Your Happiness**  
**at this Christmas Season**

Alberta Brewery Products  
and

A Merry Christmas  
go well together . . . Enjoy them both!

Sole Agents for the Alberta Brewing Industry

**Distributors Limited**

Nearest Warehouse—DRUMHELLER

This Advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.